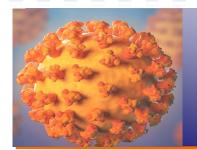
Stats News Wows



Special Topic Statistical Bulletin - COVID-19

Issue 18, 24 July 2020

The Special Topic Statistical Bulletin on COVID 19 in CARICOM Countries Issue 18, provides an update of the trajectory of the COVID-19 in the CARICOM Region up to 24 July 2020. The Bulletin provides information on the pattern of the disease of the total number of confirmed cases, new cases and deaths for each country and the total for CARICOM. The data are preliminary and will be adjusted as more reliable data are made available. This Issue continues to explore graphically, the movement in the curves for the number of confirmed cases to deduce whether they are flattening or expanding upwards as a reflection of the transmission of the virus. The Section, What do we learn from the Data? is updated. The Projections are compared with the actual values for this reporting period. In general, these projections may be far removed from the reality of the situations in countries and may not depict the actual outcomes. Limited data are available on Sex and by Mode of Transmission of the virus. The repatriation of nationals in a few countries is reflected in increases in confirmed cases in the respective countries. Local transmission of the virus is also continuing. The trends in the data on testing continue to be critical to tracking the pandemic. The primary approach to sourcing the data continues to be web-scraping of information from official sources of countries. Please review the back issues for other key explanations about the data.

Situation at a Glance

| JUNE 2020 | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Sun | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thur. | Fri. | Sat. | |
| | | | 10 th 5386 | 11 th 5558 | 12 th 5728 | 13 th 5740 | |
| 14 th 5986 | 15 th 6156 | 16 th 6316 | 17 th 6452 | 18 th 6633 | 19 th 6895 | 20 th 6975 | |
| 21 st | 22 nd | 23 rd | 24 th | 25 th | 26 th | 27 th | |
| 7087 | 7254 | 7260 | 7463 | 7597 | 7748 | 8021 | |
| 28 th | 29 th | 30 th | 1 st | 2 nd | 3 rd | 4 th | |
| 8123 | 8220 | 8335 | 8407 | 8498 | 8588 | 8748 | |
| 5 th | 6 th | 7 th | 8 th | 9 th | 10 th | 11 th | |
| 8850 | 8922 | 9005 | 9113 | 9210 | 9353 | 9419 | |
| 12 th | 13 th | 14 th | 15 th | 16 th | 17 th 10,033 | 18 th | |
| 9505 | 9589 | 9627 | 9777 | 9946 | | 10,145 | |
| 19 th | 20 th | 21 st | 22 nd | 23 rd | | July | |
| 10,310 | 10,404 | 10,528 | 10,671 | 10,820 | | 986 | |

Doubling Rate With Haiti

Total number of confirmed cases increased by

5,600

over **44 days** [10 June-24 July 2020], 2.04 **Doubling Rate Without Haiti**

Total number of confirmed cases increased by

1,914

over **38 days** [16 June (**1875**)-24 July (**3789**)] , **2.02**



Total number of deaths increased by 126 in 43 days (11 June - 24 July) at a rate of 2.0

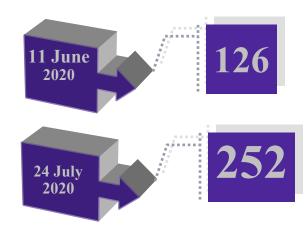


TABLE 1: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES -NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES, NEW CASES AND DEATHS - 20 JUNE - 24 JULY 2020

| Date | No. of Confirmed Cases | No. of New Cases | No. of Deaths |
|--------|------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| 20-Jun | 6975 | 80 | 161 |
| 21-Jun | 7087 | 112 | 162 |
| 22-Jun | 7254 | 167 | 162 |
| 23-Jun | 7260 | 6 | 163 |
| 24-Jun | 7463 | 203 | 165 |
| 25-Jun | 7597 | 134 | 165 |
| 26-Jun | 7748 | 151 | 172 |
| 27-Jun | 8021 | 273 | 175 |
| 28-Jun | 8123 | 102 | 177 |
| 29-Jun | 8220 | 97 | 184 |
| 30-Jun | 8335 | 115 | 185 |
| 01-Jul | 8407 | 72 | 186 |
| 02-Jul | 8498 | 91 | 189 |
| 03-Jul | 8588 | 90 | 192 |
| 04-Jul | 8748 | 160 | 193 |
| 05-Jul | 8850 | 102 | 197 |
| 06-Jul | 8922 | 72 | 198 |
| 07-Jul | 9005 | 83 | 199 |
| 08-Jul | 9113 | 108 | 205 |
| 09-Jul | 9210 | 97 | 211 |
| 10-Jul | 9353 | 143 | 219 |
| 11-Jul | 9419 | 66 | 225 |
| 12-Jul | 9505 | 86 | 230 |
| 13-Jul | 9589 | 84 | 230 |
| 14-Jul | 9627 | 38 | 232 |
| 15-Jul | 9777 | 150 | 235 |
| 16-Jul | 9946 | 169 | 237 |
| 17-Jul | 10033 | 87 | 238 |
| 18-Jul | 10145 | 112 | 240 |
| 19-Jul | 10310 | 165 | 241 |
| 20-Jul | 10404 | 94 | 241 |
| 21-Jul | 10528 | 124 | 246 |
| 22-Jul | 10671 | 143 | 249 |
| 23-Jul | 10820 | 149 | 251 |
| 24-Jul | 10986 | 166 | 252 |

Note: The Number of Confirmed Cases and the Number of Deaths are <u>cumulative values</u> while the Number of New Cases is not cumulative and reflects the <u>daily</u> number of cases. Please see Issue 10 for the explanation on how the cumulative values are derived. Please check previous Issues for the data from 10 March—19 June 2020.

What do we learn from the Data?

[as at 24 July 2020]

The number of confirmed cases moved from 10,033 (adjusted) as at 17 July to 10,986 cases on 24 July. The number of deaths moved from 238 to 252. There were 953 new cases (compared to 680 new cases for the previous period) and 14 new deaths. Suriname led in the number of new cases with 362, followed by Haiti with 249 and The Bahamas with 187.

Recoveries as at 24 July stood at 6833 and active cases at 3858 as compared to 5896 recoveries and 3869 (adjusted) active cases respectively on 17 July.

Active Cases [Active Cases are Confirmed Cases less recoveries, less deaths and less persons who tested positive and who might have left the country];

- ♦ There are <u>five (5) countries</u> with no active cases as at 24 July, the same as for 17 July but with a different composition. The countries with no active cases are:- Anguilla, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Dominica and Grenada. Montserrat fell out of this category during the reporting period ending 10 July and Cayman Islands now has no active cases as at the current period.
- ◆ Three (3) countries -Montserrat (1), Saint Lucia (2) and St Kitts and Nevis (2) have 1-4 active cases.
- ♦ Three (3) countries- Barbados (7), Bermuda (5), and Trinidad and Tobago (6) have 5-10 active cases.
- ♦ Three (3) countries- Antigua and Barbuda (19), Belize (20) and St Vincent and the Grenadines (13) have 11-25 active cases;
- Two (2) countries- Jamaica (71) and Turks and Caicos Islands (61) have between 50–100 active cases;
- Guyana (145) has between 100-200 active cases; The Bahamas (212) now over 100 active cases but less than 300.
- Suriname (478) have over 400 active cases and Haiti now has 2807 active cases.

Recoveries

- As implied earlier, there are *five* countries for which all active cases have recovered as at **24 July**;
- ♦ Among the other countries, Haiti had 4236 recoveries, Suriname, 804, Jamaica, 711, Cayman Islands, 202, Guyana, 178, Bermuda, 139, Trinidad and Tobago, 128, Barbados, 94, The Bahamas, 91 and Antigua and Barbuda, 60.

Confirmed Cases

- ♦ In absolute terms the countries with the highest numbers of Confirmed Cases are *Haiti*, 7197, *Suriname*, 1305, *Jamaica*, 831, *Guyana*, 352, *The Bahamas*, 316, *Cayman Islands*, 203, *Bermuda*, 153, *Trinidad and Tobago*, 142, *Barbados*, 108, *Turks and Caicos Islands*, 92, *Antigua and Barbuda*, 82 and St Vincent and the Grenadines, 52;
- ♦ In rates per 100,000 population for countries with 25+ cases, Cayman Islands has the highest rate with 308.45, Bermuda is second with 239.16 followed by Suriname, 223.84, Turks and Caicos Islands with 222.76 and Antigua and Barbuda with 86.30. The Bahamas is in sixth place with 82.87.
- ♦ The rate for *Haiti is* 63.07, *Guyana*, 47.50, *St Vincent and the Grenadines*, 46.85, *Barbados*, 39.33 and *Jamaica*, 30.47. *Montserrat (under 25 cases)* has a rate of 240 (12 cases). [Please see Table 2 for rates for other countries].

Deaths

- ♦ *Haiti* has the highest number of deaths as at 24 July with 154, an increase of 9 from 17 July. *Suriname* is in second place with 23 followed by, *Guyana*, 20, *The Bahamas*, 11 and Jamaica with 10.
- ◆ The number of deaths per 100,000 population is the highest in Montserrat 20 (1); Bermuda 14.07 (9), Turks and Caicos Islands, 4.84 (2). Suriname 3.95 (23) and British Virgin Islands is at 3.43 (1). The rate for Haiti is 1.35.
- ◆ The Case Fatality Rate (number of deaths as a percentage of the number of confirmed cases) is the highest in the **British Virgin Islands** with 12.5 percent, followed by **Montserrat with 8.3**, **Barbados** is at 6.5 percent, **Bermuda (5.9** percent), **Guyana (5.7** percent). **Haiti** is at 2.1 percent,

Testing- [Tracking the pandemic]

◆ Cayman Islands continues to have the best testing record with a rate of 43,918.4 tests per 100,000 population (28,904 tests) followed by Bermuda, 29,607.8 (18,941 tests), Barbados, 3692.2(10,140 tests), Montserrat, 3020 (151) and Turks and Caicos Islands, 2670.7 (1103 tests). Jamaica has conducted the highest number of tests with 34,660 but is in eleventh place with 1270.8 tests per 100,000 population.

CHART 1: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES, NEW CASES AND DEATHS - 10 MARCH - 24 JULY 2020

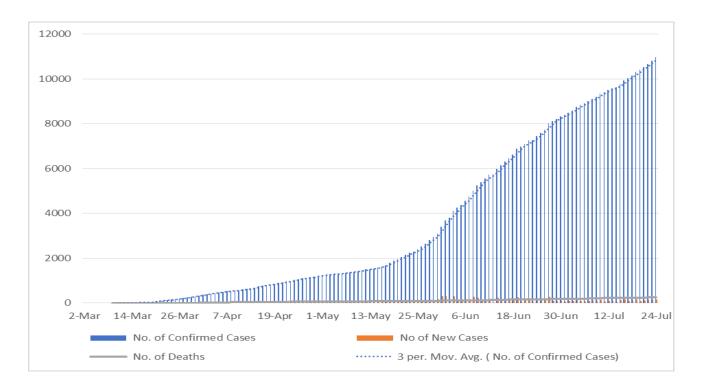
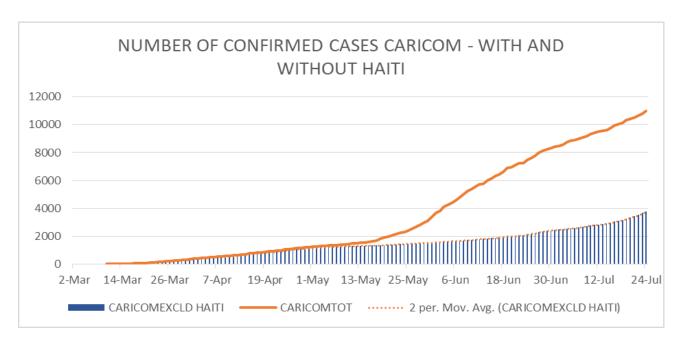


CHART 1A: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES IN CARICOM- WITH AND WITHOUT HAITI AS AT 24 JULY 2020



Note: The number of confirmed cases moved from 10,033 (adjusted) as at 17 July to 10,986 as at 24 July, increasing by 953 cases while the number of deaths moved from 238 to 252, an increase of 14.

CHART 1B: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF NEW CASES - 10 MARCH - 24 JULY 2020

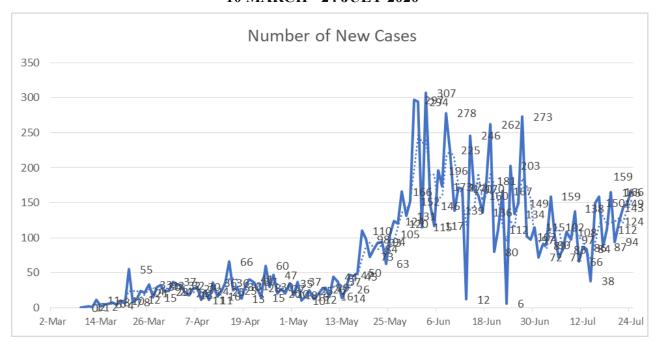
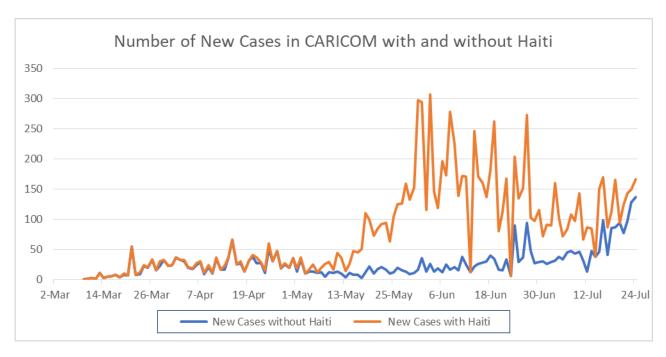


CHART 1C: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF NEW CASES - WITH AND WITHOUT HAITI - 10 MARCH - 24 JULY 2020



Note: Total number of new cases for CARICOM for the period 18-24 July is 953 as compared to 680 as at 11-17 July, 765 (adjusted), during 4-10 July, 27 June-3 July with 840, 20-26 June, 851 and 13-19 June with 1167. The number of new cases for the current reporting period is 273 more than for the previous reporting period. Suriname had the highest number of new cases with 362 (38 percent) overtaking Haiti that contributed to 249 of the new cases or 26.1 percent (53.8 percent for the previous period). The Bahamas contributed to 187 new cases (19.6 percent). Jamaica contributed to 63 new cases and Guyana, 32.. St Vincent and the Grenadines and Turks and Caicos Islands each contributed 17 new cases.

CHART 1D: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF DEATHS - 10 MARCH - 24 JULY 2020

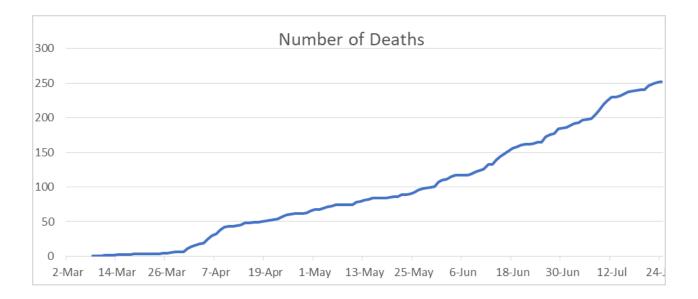
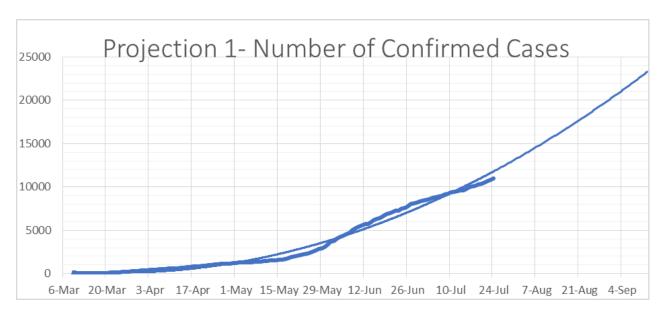
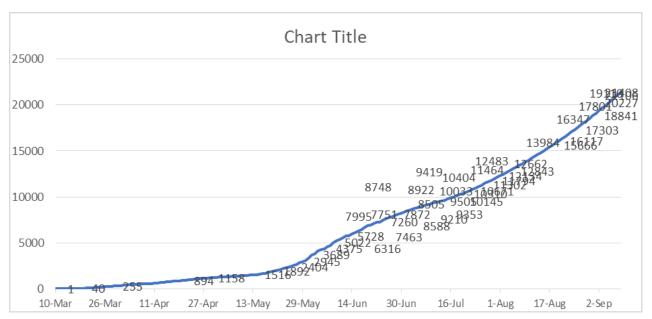


CHART 2: PROJECTION 1-ESTIMATED NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES EXTENDED TO SEPTEMBER 2020



Note: The non-linear trendline gave a projected value for 24 July of 12,100. The actual value is 10,986. The projected value for 31 July is 13,000.

CHART 2A: UPDATED PROJECTION USING GROWTH RATES (17-24 JULY)
OF THE NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PROJECTED UP TO
SEPTEMBER 2020



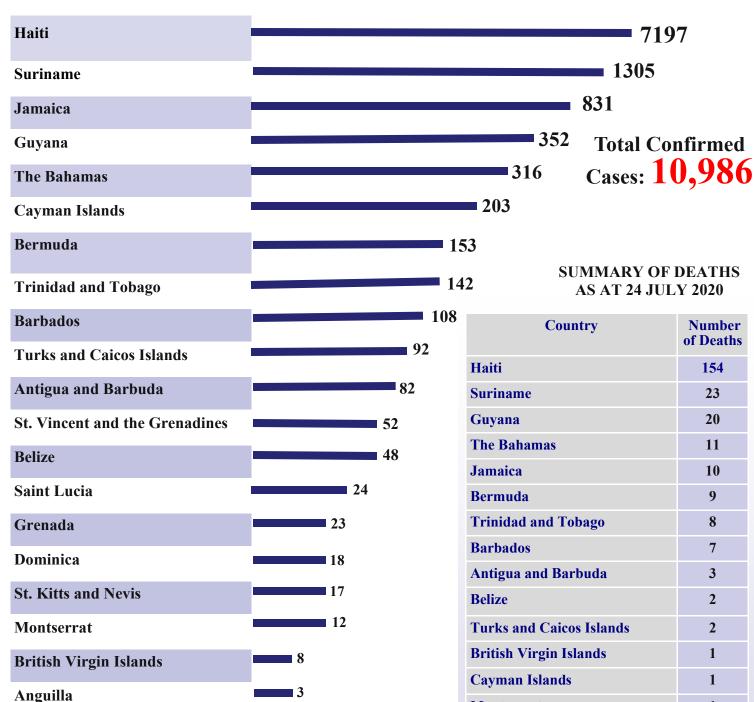
Note: The projected value for 24 July from this projection was 12,240. The actual value is 10,986. The projected value has been updated based on recent growth rates. The projected value for 31 July is 12,134.

CHART 2B: PROJECTION BASED ON 50 DAY DOUBLING PERIOD- UP TO AUGUST 2020- FITTED WITH ACTUAL VALUES



Note: The projected value for 24 July was 11,950 as compared to the actual value of 10,986. The projected value for 31 July is 13,273.

SUMMARY OF CONFIRMED CASES AS AT 24 JULY 2020



Total Deaths: 252

Note: The number of confirmed cases in Haiti is 7197 over 5.5 times the number of confirmed cases for Suriname (from about 7 times the previous week). Suriname had the highest number of new cases (362), exceeding Haiti (249). Jamaica is in third place, 474 cases behind Suriname. The Bahamas is now in fourth place with 316 confirmed cases and with 187 new cases this period. Haiti with an additional 9 deaths, Suriname with 4 additional deaths and Guyana with 1 are the countries that have contributed to the increase in deaths for the reporting period.

| Country | of Deaths |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Haiti | 154 |
| Suriname | 23 |
| Guyana | 20 |
| The Bahamas | 11 |
| Jamaica | 10 |
| Bermuda | 9 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 8 |
| Barbados | 7 |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 3 |
| Belize | 2 |
| Turks and Caicos Islands | 2 |
| British Virgin Islands | 1 |
| Cayman Islands | 1 |
| Montserrat | 1 |
| Dominica | 0 |
| Grenada | 0 |
| Saint Lucia | 0 |
| St. Kitts and Nevis | 0 |
| St. Vincent and the Grenadines | 0 |
| Anguilla | 0 |

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION IN CARICOM –SELECTED COUNTRIES– 12 JUNE – 24 JULY

| | | | | DATE | | | |
|------------------------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| COUNTRY | 12-Jun | 19-Jun | 26-Jun | 03-Jul | 10-Jul | 17-Jul | 24-Jul |
| CARICOM -ALL COUNTRIES | 31.53 | 37.96 | 42.65 | 47.28 | 51.49 | 55.23 | 60.48 |
| | | | | | | | |
| CARICOM EXCLD HAITI | 24.81 | 27.47 | 30.61 | 34.52 | 38.47 | 42.83 | 52.60 |
| ANTICUA AND DADDUDA | 27.26 | 27.26 | (0.41 | 71 57 | 77 00 | 70.00 | 96.20 |
| ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA | 27.36 | 27.36 | 68.41 | 71.57 | 77.88 | 79.99 | 86.30 |
| THE BAHAMAS | 27.01 | 27.27 | 27.27 | 27.27 | 28.32 | 33.83 | 82.87 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BARBADOS | 34.96 | 35.32 | 35.32 | 35.32 | 35.68 | 37.87 | 39.33 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BERMUDA | 221.97 | 228.22 | 228.22 | 228.22 | 234.47 | 237.60 | 239.16 |
| DELIZE | 5.02 | <i>5 52</i> | (02 | 7.54 | 0.20 | 10.05 | 12.00 |
| BELIZE | 5.02 | 5.53 | 6.03 | 7.54 | 9.30 | 10.05 | 12.06 |
| CAYMAN ISLANDS | 284.14 | 296.29 | 297.81 | 305.41 | 305.41 | 308.45 | 308.45 |
| | | | | | | | |
| GUYANA | 21.46 | 24.70 | 31.04 | 34.55 | 39.14 | 43.18 | 47.50 |
| | | | | | | | |
| HAITI | 34.54 | 43.08 | 48.57 | 53.46 | 57.68 | 60.89 | 63.07 |
| JAMAICA | 22.51 | 23.90 | 25.15 | 26.43 | 27.61 | 28.16 | 30.47 |
| JAMAICA | 22.51 | 23.90 | 25.15 | 20.43 | 27.01 | 20.10 | 30.47 |
| ST VINCENT AND THE | | | | | | | |
| GRENADINES | 24.32 | 26.13 | 26.13 | 26.13 | 26.13 | 31.53 | 46.85 |
| SUDINAME | 22.00 | 50.26 | (7.07 | 04.51 | 124.52 | 161 75 | 122 94 |
| SURINAME | 32.08 | 50.26 | 67.07 | 94.51 | 124.53 | 161.75 | 223.84 |
| TRINIDAD & TOBAGO | 8.61 | 9.05 | 9.12 | 9.56 | 9.79 | 10.01 | 10.45 |
| | 0.02 | 7.00 | | | | | |
| TURKS AND CAICOS | | | | | | | |
| ISLANDS | 29.06 | 29.06 | 38.74 | 106.54 | 159.81 | 181.60 | 222.76 |

Note: Please check the **Explanatory Notes repeated in this Issue** for the use of rates per 100,000 population in comparing values across countries.

Of the countries with 25 + confirmed cases, the top five countries for the number of confirmed cases per 100,000 population as at 24 July are: Cayman Islands (308.45), Bermuda (239.16), Suriname (223.84,) Turks and Caicos Islands (222.76) and Antigua and Barbuda (86.30). The Bahamas is now at 82.87. Haiti's rate is 63.07. Montserrat (less than 25 confirmed cases) not shown in this table has the second highest rate with 240 cases per 100,000 population.

Information on the number of confirmed cases per 100, 000 population as at 19 June for those countries that are not shown can be requested. Please check previous Issues for rates for earlier periods.

CHART 3: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION-CARICOM WITH AND WITHOUT HAITI 26 MARCH-24JULY 2020

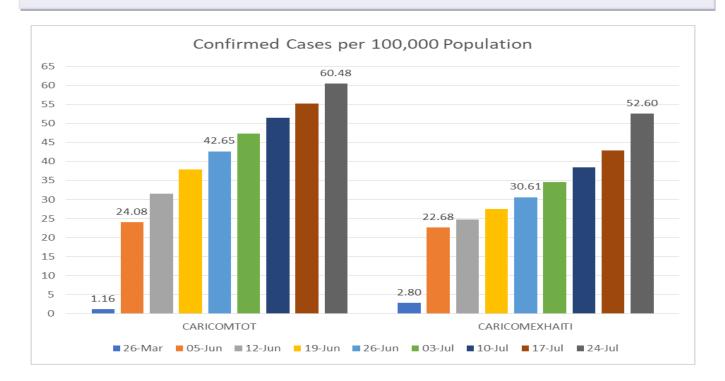


CHART 3A: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION – SELECTED COUNTRIES 26 MARCH– 24 JULY 2020

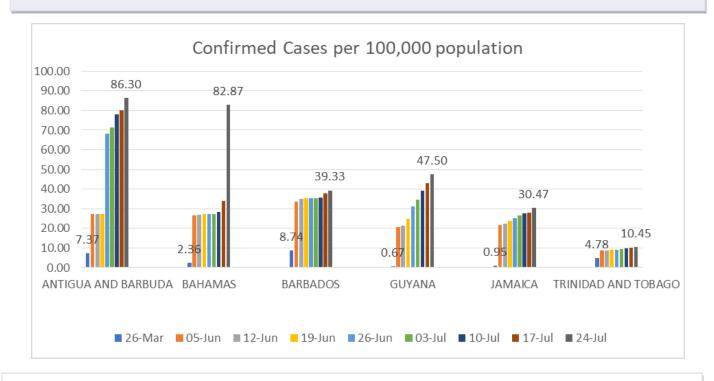


CHART 3B: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION – SELECTED COUNTRIES (WITH HAITI AND SURINAME) 26 MARCH– 24 JULY 2020

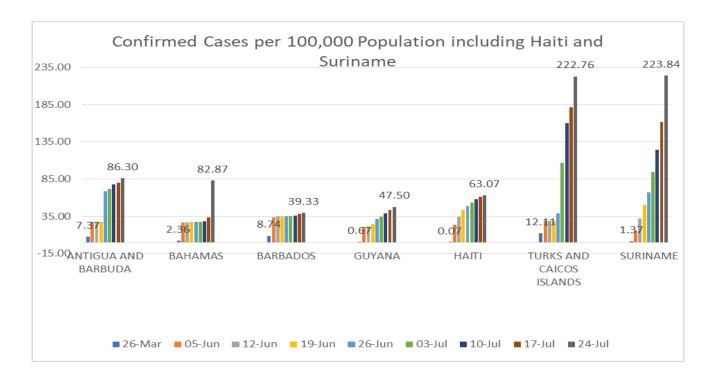


CHART 3C: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION – BERMUDA AND CAYMAN ISLANDS -26 MARCH – 24 JULY 2020

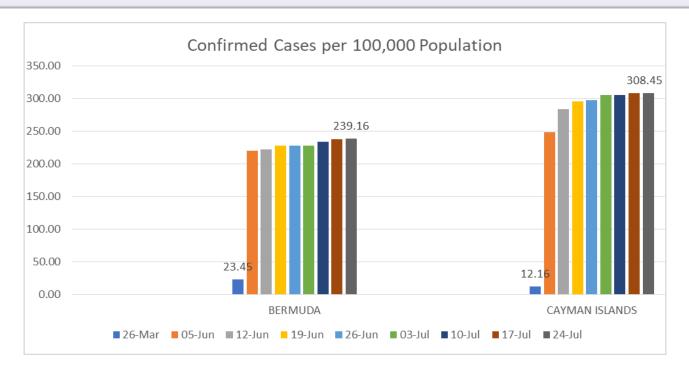


CHART 3D: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION-HAITI - 26 MARCH- 24 JULY 2020

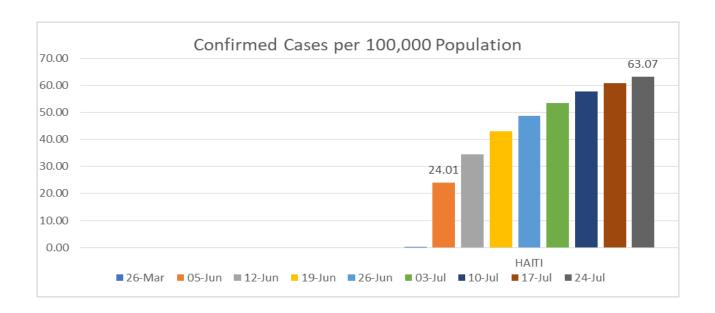


CHART 3E: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION GUYANA, JAMAICA, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO AND SURINAME 26 MARCH- 24 JULY 2020

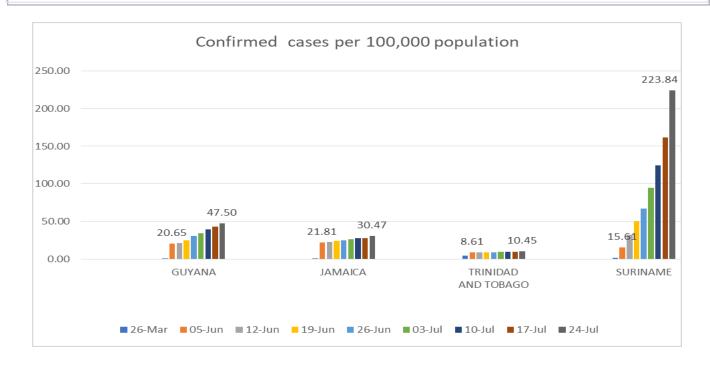


CHART 3F: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA, THE BAHAMAS, BARBADOS AND ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES 26 MARCH- 24 JULY 2020

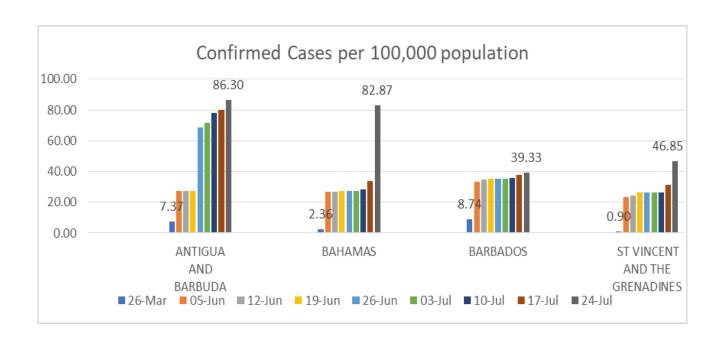


TABLE 3: NUMBER OF DEATHS PER 100,000 POPULATION 12 JUNE – 24 JULY 2020

| | DATE | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 12- June | 19- June | 26– June | 3- July | 10– July | 17– July | 24– July |
| CARICOM ALL COUNTRIES | 0.73 | 0.87 | 0.95 | 1.06 | 1.21 | 1.32 | 1.39 |
| CARICOM EXCL. HAITI | 0.96 | 1.03 | 1.06 | 1.14 | 1.24 | 1.30 | 1.36 |
| ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA | 3.16 | 3.16 | 3.16 | 3.16 | 3.16 | 3.16 | 3.16 |
| THE BAHAMAS | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2.88 |
| BARBADOS | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.55 |
| BERMUDA | 14.07 | 14.07 | 14.07 | 14.07 | 14.07 | 14.07 | 14.07 |
| BELIZE | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 | 3.43 |
| CAYMAN ISLANDS | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 1.52 |
| GUYANA | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.89 | 2.16 | 2.56 | 2.70 |
| HAITI | 0.56 | 0.74 | 0.84 | 0.96 | 1.14 | 1.27 | 1.35 |
| JAMAICA | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 | 0.37 |
| MONTSERRAT | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 20.00 | 20.00 |
| SURINAME | 0.51 | 1.37 | 1.72 | 2.23 | 3.09 | 3.26 | 3.95 |
| TRINIDAD & TOBAGO | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.59 | 0.59 |
| TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 4.84 | 4.84 | 4.84 | 4.84 |

Note: The number of deaths per 100,000 population is adjusted by the corresponding population of countries. Please check previous issues for rates for earlier periods.

TABLE 3A: DEATHS AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES— CASE FATALITY RATES –12 JUNE – 24 JULY

| | TH RATES | TO CON | | CASES | | | |
|------------------------|----------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| | 12- | 19- | 26- | 03- | 10- | 17- | 24- |
| COUNTRY | Jun | Jun | Jun | Jul | Jul | Jul | Jul |
| CARICOM-ALL | • • | | | | • • | 2.4 | • |
| COUNTRIES | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| | | | | | | | |
| ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA | 11.5 | 11.5 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 |
| | | | | | | | |
| THE DAHAMAS | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.2 | 0.5 | 3.5 |
| THE BAHAMAS | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.2 | 8.5 | 3.5 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BARBADOS | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.5 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BERMUDA | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| DERWIUDA | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BELIZE | 10.5 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 4.2 |
| | | | | | | | |
| BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.5 |
| | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| CAYMAN ISLANDS | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| | | | | | | | |
| GUYANA | 7.5 | 6.6 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 5.7 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1.0 | • 0 | | |
| HAITI | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| | | | | | | | |
| JAMAICA | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| | | | | | | | |
| MONTSERRAT | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.3 |
| MONTSERRAT | 7.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 0.3 |
| | | | | | | | |
| SURINAME | 1.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.8 |
| | | | | | | | |
| TRINIDAD & TOBAGO | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.6 |
| TRANDAD & TODAGO | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| TURKS AND CAICOS | | | | | | | |
| ISLANDS | 8.3 | 8.3 | 6.3 | 4.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.2 |

CHART 4: DEATHS AS A PERCENTAGE OF CONFIRMED CASES-ALL COUNTRIES-CASE FATALITY RATES AS AT 24 JULY 2020

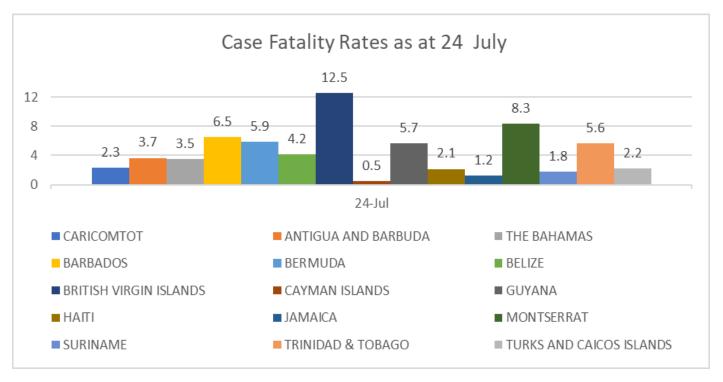
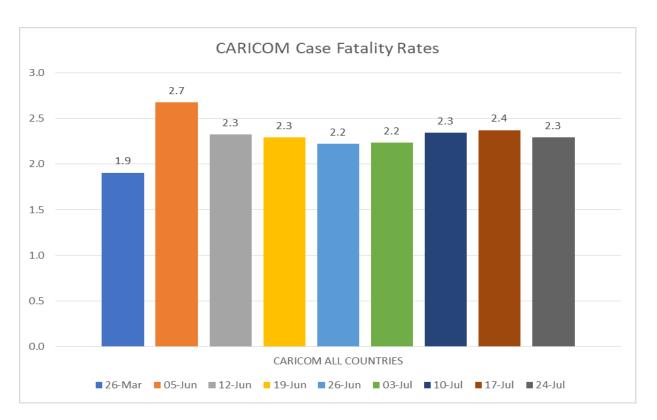
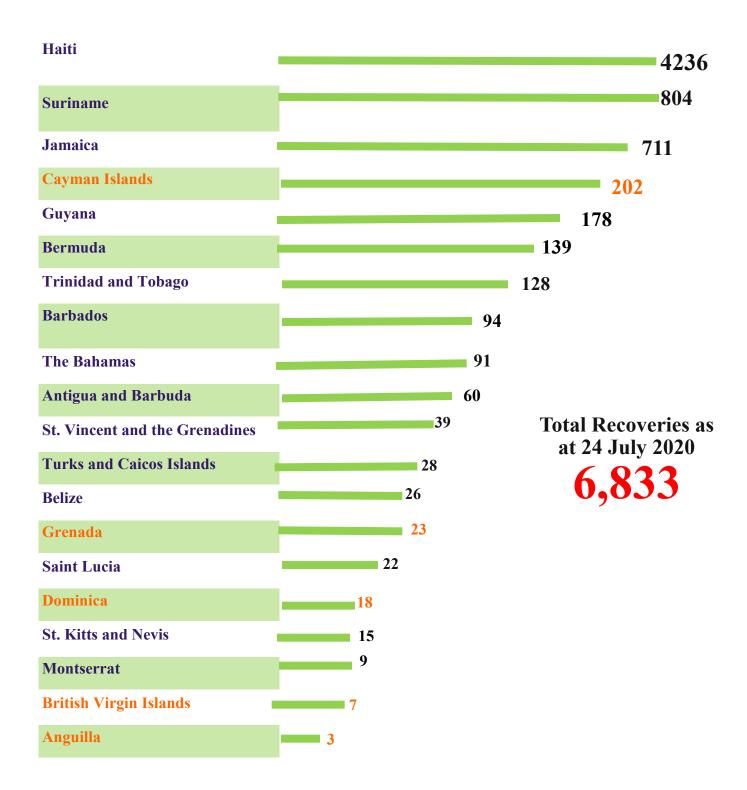


CHART 4A: CARICOM—ALL COUNTRIES- CASE FATALITY RATES 26 MARCH - 24 JULY



SUMMARY OF RECOVERED CASES AS AT 24 JULY 2020



FOR COUNTRIES SHOWN IN ORANGE, ALL ACTIVE CASES HAVE RECOVERED .

TABLE 4: ACTIVE CASES, RECOVERIES, NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED AND HOSPITALISATIONS AS AT 24 JULY 2020

| COUNTRY | CONFIRMED CASES | RECOVERIES | ACTIVE CASES | NO. OF TESTS | HOSPITALISATIONS |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Haiti | 7197 | 4236 | 2807 | 16509 | 185 ^e |
| Suriname | 1305 | 804 | 478 | 1244 | |
| Jamaica | 831 | 711 | 71 | 34660 | 24 |
| Cayman Islands | 203 | 202 | 0 | 28904 | 0 |
| Guyana | 352 | 178 | 154 | 4075 | |
| Bermuda | 153 | 139 | 5 | 18941 | 0 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 142 | 128 | 6 | 6328 | 6 |
| Barbados | 108 | 94 | 7 | 10140 | |
| The Bahamas | 316 | 91 | 212 | 3907 | 11 |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 82 | 60 | 19 | 1012 | |
| St Vincent and the Grenadines | 52 | 39 | 13 | 1644 | |
| Turks and Caicos Islands | 92 | 28 | 61 | 1103 | 3 |
| Belize | 48 | 26 | 20 | 3108 | |
| Grenada | 23 | 23 | 0 | 853 | 0 |
| Saint Lucia | 24 | 22 | 2 | 2597 | 2 |
| Dominica | 18 | 18 | 0 | 643 | 0 |
| St Kitts and Nevis | 17 | 15 | 2 | 931 | |
| Montserrat | 12 | 9 | 1 | 151 | |
| British Virgin Islands | 8 | 7 | 0 | 439 | 0 |
| Anguilla | 3 | 3 | 0 | 380 | 0 |

Note: The table is sorted by descending order of recoveries.

All active cases in Anguilla, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Dominica and Grenada have recovered up to the end of the reporting period 24 July. Cayman Islands now have no active cases since 23 July.

The following countries <u>had no active cases</u> in past reporting periods and now have active cases: Montserrat (1), Barbados (7), Belize (20), Bermuda (5), St Kitts and Nevis (2), Saint Lucia (2), St Vincent and the Grenadines (13), Suriname (478), Trinidad and Tobago (6) and Turks and Caicos Islands (61).

Antigua and Barbuda has 19 active cases and The Bahamas, 212.

Eleven countries have less than 10 active cases from twelve at the end of the previous reporting period

Table 5: NUMBER OF TESTS AND RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION – AS AT 24 JULY 2020

| COUNTRY | NO. OF TESTS | NO. OF TESTS PER 100,000 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Anguilla | 380 | 2533.3 |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 1012 | 1065.1 |
| Barbados | 10140 | 3692.2 |
| Belize | 3108 | 780.8 |
| Bermuda | 18941 | 29607.8 |
| British Virgin Islands | 439 | 1506.0 |
| Cayman Islands | 28904 | 43918.4 |
| Dominica | 643 | 893.1 |
| Grenada | 853 | 765.2 |
| Guyana | 4075 | 549.9 |
| Haiti | 16509 | 144.7 |
| Jamaica | 34660 | 1270.8 |
| Montserrat | 151 | 3020.0 |
| Saint Lucia | 2597 | 1450.8 |
| St Kitts and Nevis | 931 | 1756.6 |
| St Vincent and the Grenadines | 1644 | 1481.1 |
| Suriname | 1244 | 213.4 |
| The Bahamas | 3907 | 1024.6 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 6328 | 465.6 |
| Turks and Caicos Islands | 1103 | 2670.7 |

Note: The top five countries based on the number of tests per 100,000 are: Cayman Islands (43,918.4), Bermuda, (29,607.8), Barbados (3692.2), Montserrat (3020.0) and Turks and Caicos Islands (2,670.7) in that order.

It is not known whether these tests are a mix of Rapid Tests and PCR or Polymerase Chain Reaction testing. Wherever this is known, the Rapid Tests are removed from the total number of tests conducted.

It is also not known how frequent some countries are testing since the total numbers of tests for some countries are repeated over time.

CHART 5: NUMBER OF TESTS PER 100, 000 POPULATION - SELECTED COUNTRIES—BARBADOS, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO, JAMAICA

18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

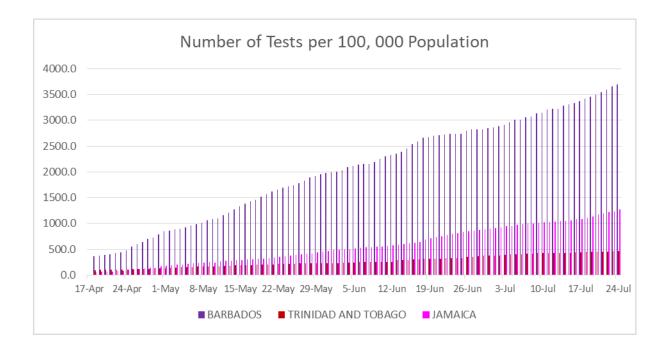


CHART 5A: NUMBER OF TESTS PER 100, 000 POPULATION- CAYMAN ISLANDS 27 APRIL— 24 JULY 2020

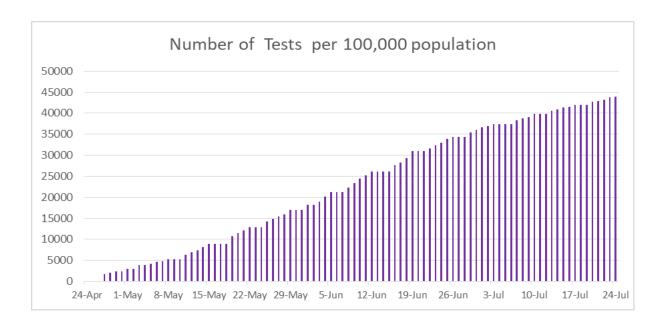


CHART 5B: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - BARBADOS 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

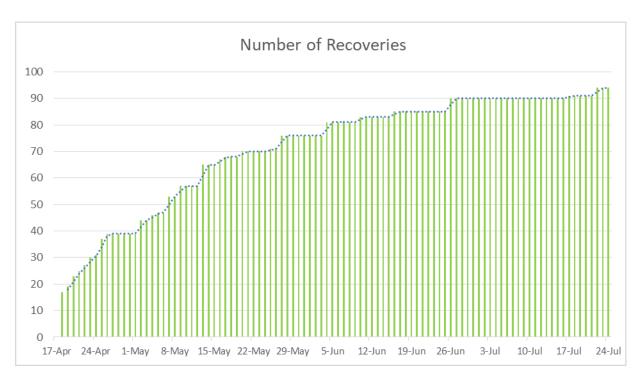


CHART 5C: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES - BARBADOS 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

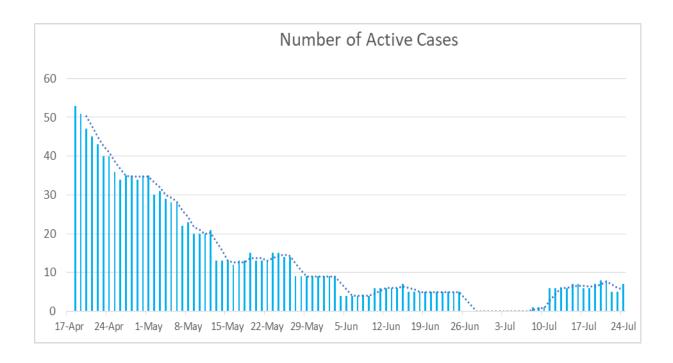


CHART 5D: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - BARBADOS

18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

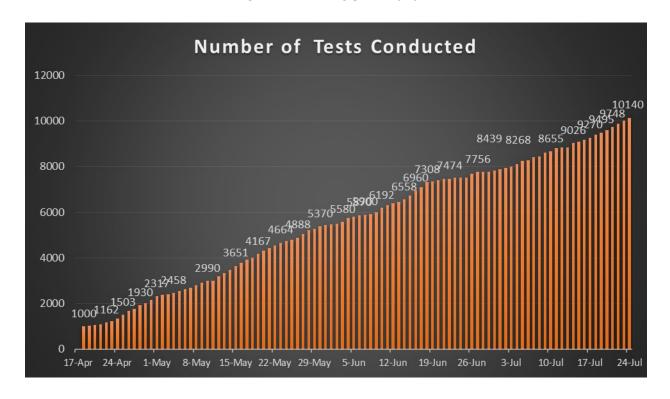


CHART 5E: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - BARBADOS

18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

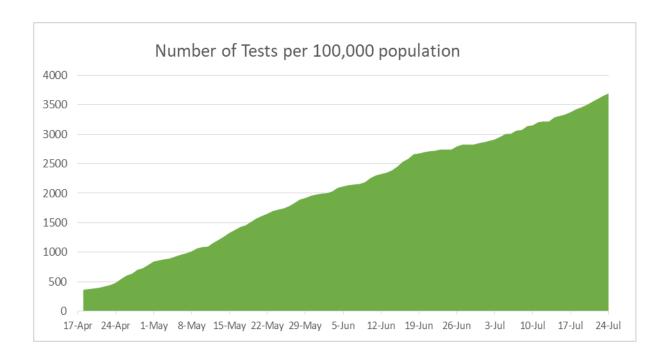


CHART 5F: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - JAMAICA 18 APRIL- 24 JULY 2020

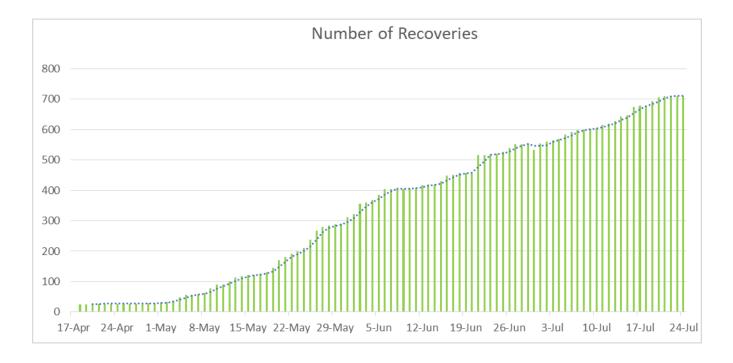


CHART 5G: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES - JAMAICA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

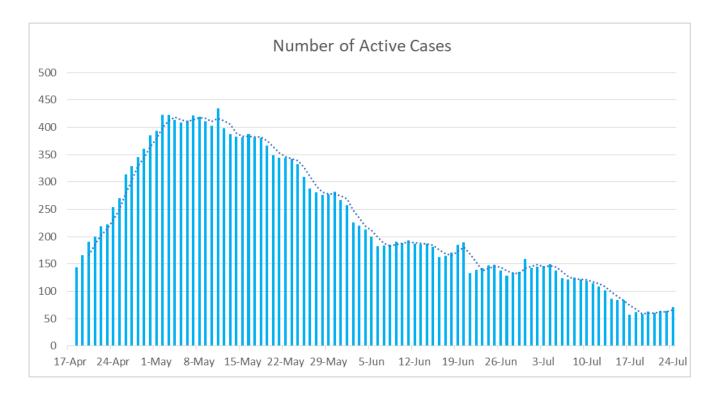


CHART 5H: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - JAMAICA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

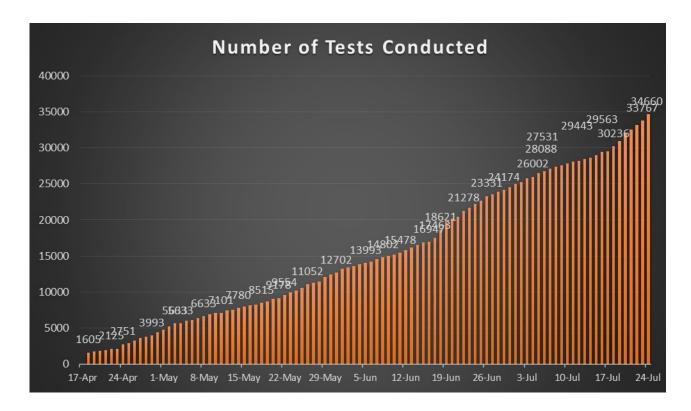


CHART 5I: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - JAMAICA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

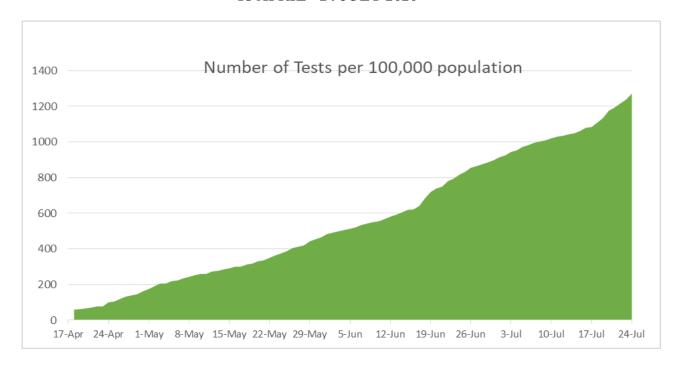


CHART 5J: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

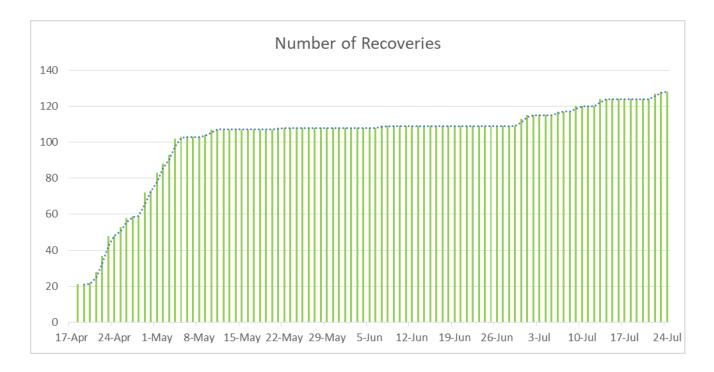


CHART 5K: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES- TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

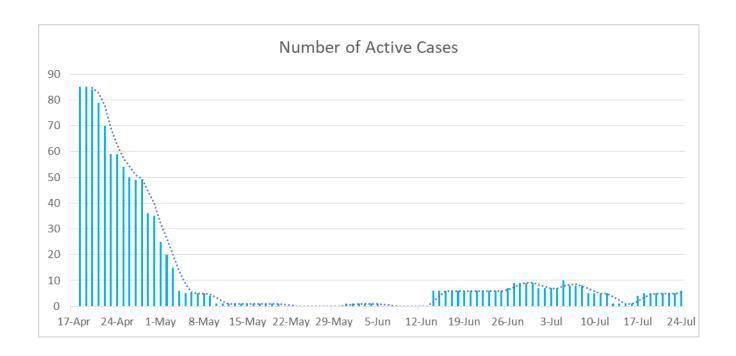


CHART 5L: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

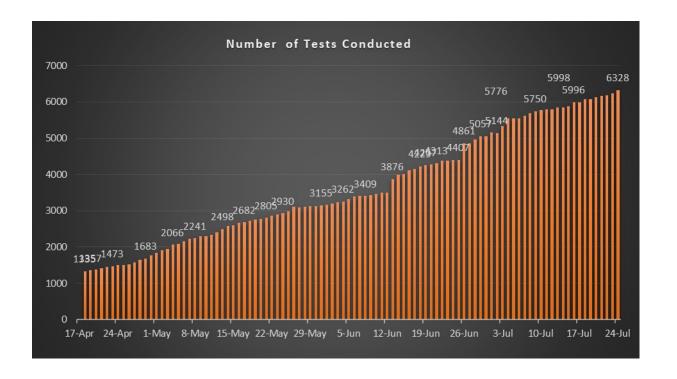


CHART 5M: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

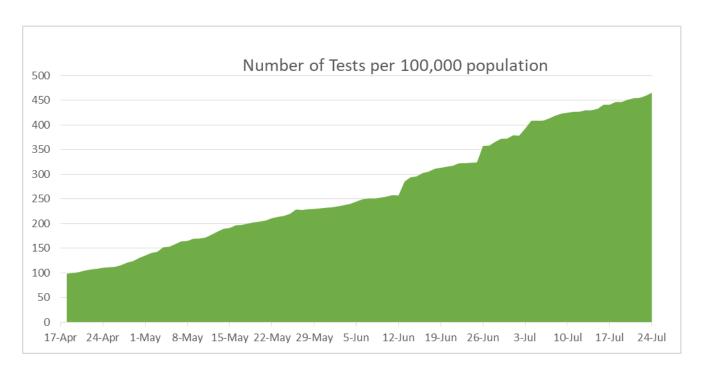


CHART 5N: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

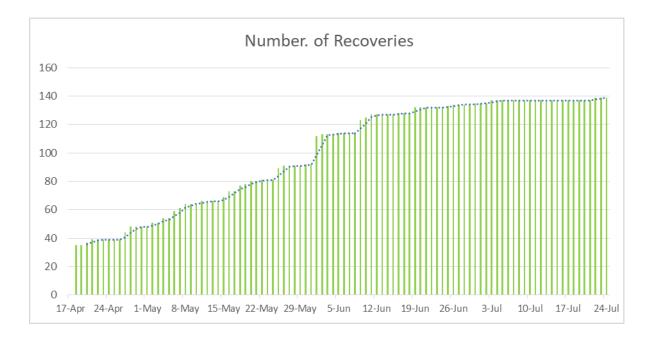


CHART 50: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

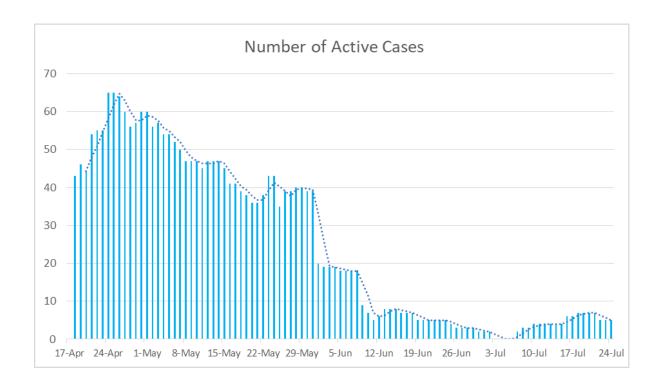


CHART 5P: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

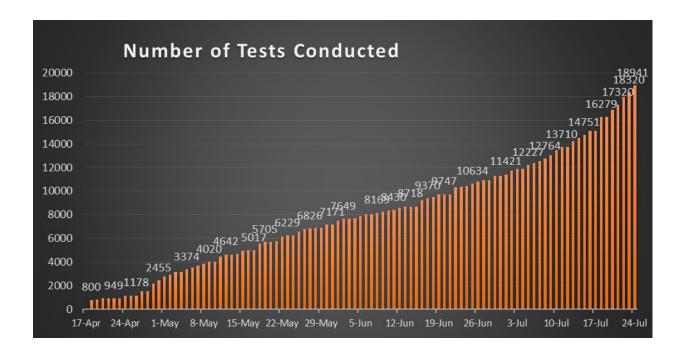


CHART 5Q: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 24 JULY 2020

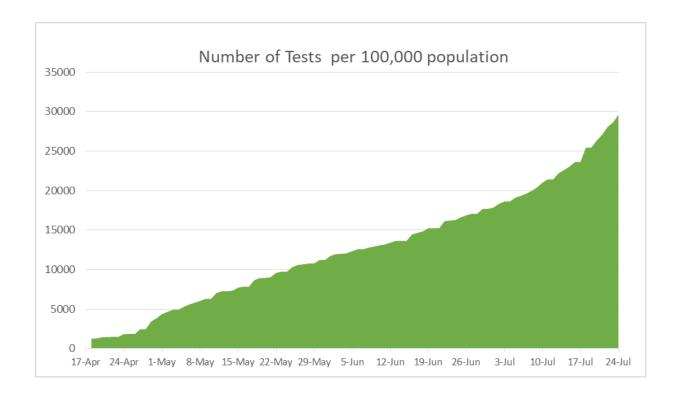


TABLE 6: APPROXIMATE MODE OF TRANSMISSION - SELECTED COUNTRIES AS AT 24 JULY 2020

| Country | Imported Transmission | Local Transmission Local | Community Transmission | Under Investigation |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Trinidad and Tobago | 110 ^e | 24 | 1 | 7 |
| Guyana | 4 ^e | 348 ^e | 0 | 0 |
| Bermuda | 49 | 85 | 19 | 0 |
| Jamaica | 298 | 483 | 44 | 6 |
| St. Vincent and the Grenadines | 45 | 7 | - | - |
| Belize | 23 | 25 | - | = |
| Antigua and Barbuda | 59 | 23 | | |
| Haiti | 152 | 7045 | | |

Note: There are differences in the classification of mode of transmission. Community Transmission, which according to international guidelines, reflects in part "Local Transmission" with no epidemiological Link is not used. In the case of Jamaica, approximately 236 cases from a work place cluster is placed under local transmission. Turks and Caicos Islands was inadvertently listed in Issue 15 as having 53 Imported and 15 Local Transmission instead of Antigua and Barbuda. The 21 cases listed by Antigua and Barbuda is classified as non-imported. Please see Issue 2 for explanations on Mode of Transmission.

TABLE 7: CONFIRMED CASES BY SEX - SELECTED COUNTRIES AS AT 24 JULY 2020

| Country | | | Not Stated |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------|
| Haiti | 4261 | 2936 | |
| Jamaica | 362 | 469 | |
| Guyana | 183 ^e | 169 ^e | |
| Cayman Islands | 106 | 97 | |
| Bermuda | 65 | 88 | |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 46 | 63 | 33 |
| Barbados | 49 | 59 | |
| Belize | 23 | 25 | |

CHART 6: ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

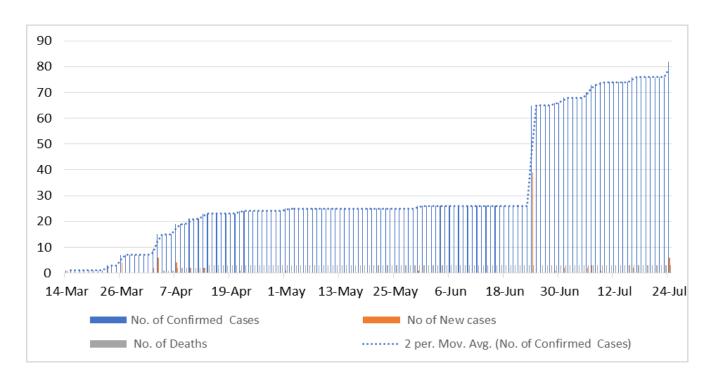
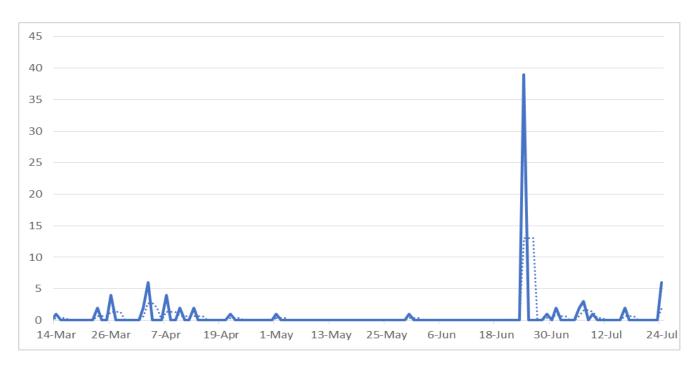


CHART 6A: ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA



Note: Antigua and Barbuda had 6 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 2 new cases during 11-17 July and 6 new cases during 4-10 July. The total number of cases stood at 82 as at 24 July, with 19 active cases.

CHART 7: THE BAHAMAS

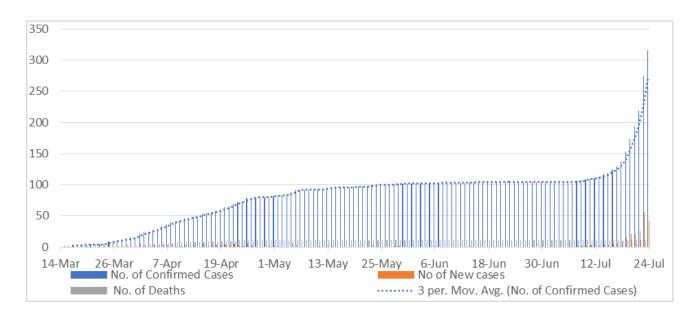
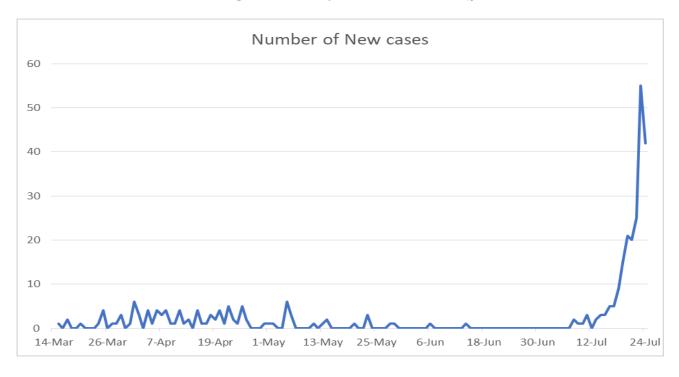


CHART 7A: THE BAHAMAS



Note: The Bahamas had 187 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 21 new cases during 11-17 July and 4 new cases during 4-10 July. The number of confirmed cases increased to 316 as at 24 July, with active cases increasing to 212 from 25 in the previous reporting period.

CHART 7B: THE BAHAMAS

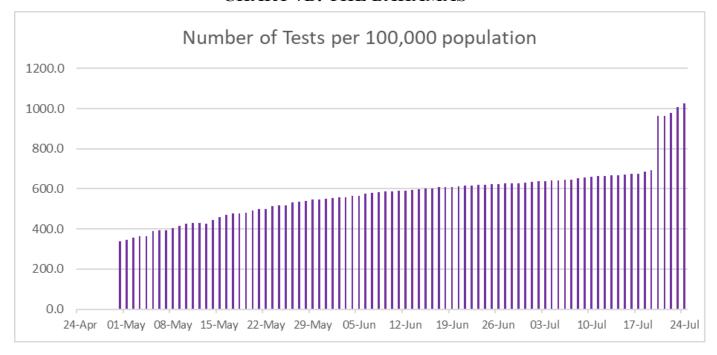


CHART 8: BARBADOS

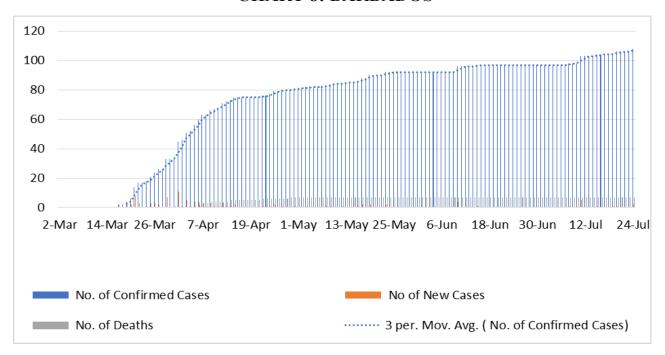
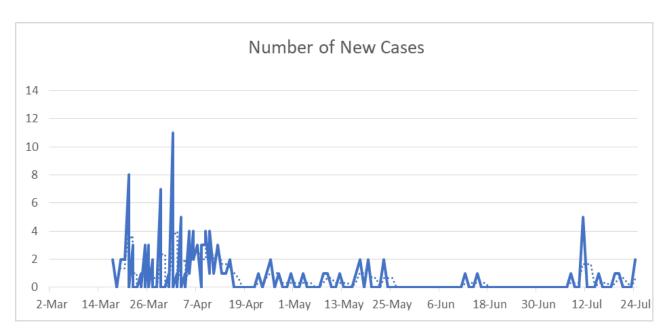


CHART 8A: BARBADOS



Note: Barbados had 4 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 6 new cases during 11-17 July. The number of confirmed cases stood at 108. Barbados now has 7 active case as at 24 July after having 6 the previous period.

CHART 9: BELIZE

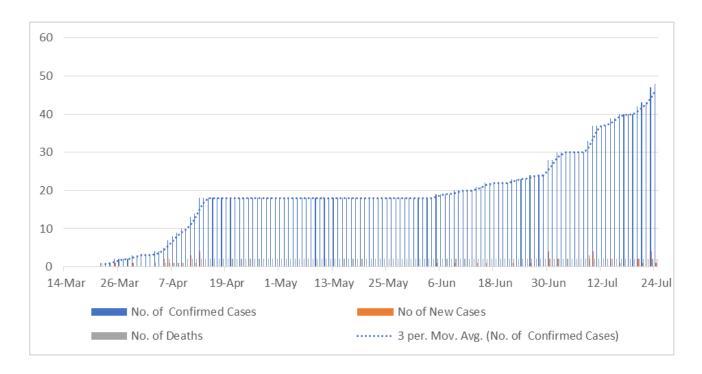
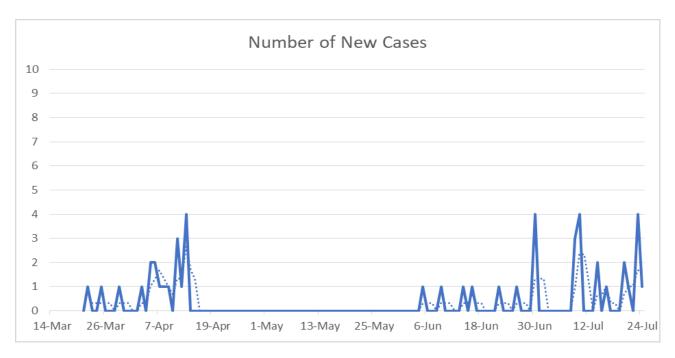


CHART 9A: BELIZE

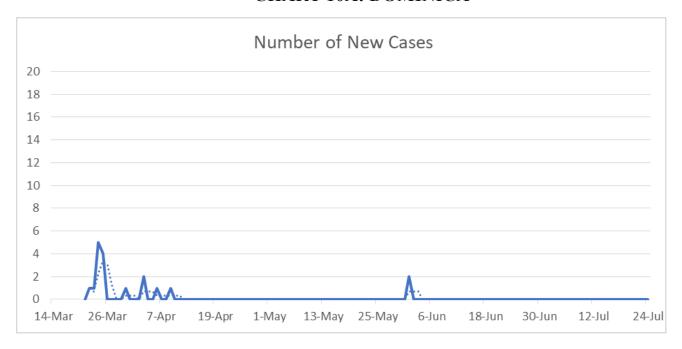


Note: Belize had 8 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 3 new cases during `11-17 July. The number of cases stood at 48 as at 24 July, with 7 active cases.

CHART 10: DOMINICA



CHART 10A: DOMINICA



Note: Dominica had no new cases of COVID-19 during the current reporting period 18-24 July. The last new case/ cases occurred on 1 June, a period of 53 days up to 24 July. The number of cases stood at 18 as at 24 July. The last active case in Dominica was on 13 June.

CHART 11: GRENADA

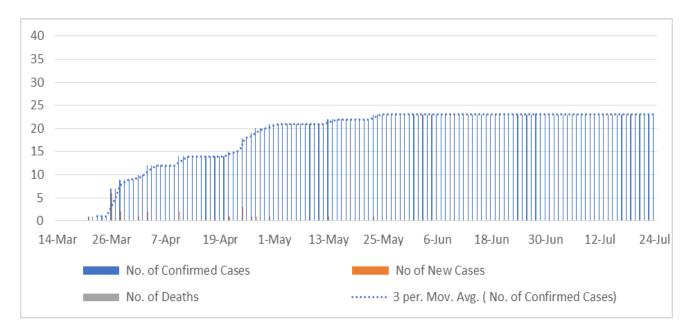
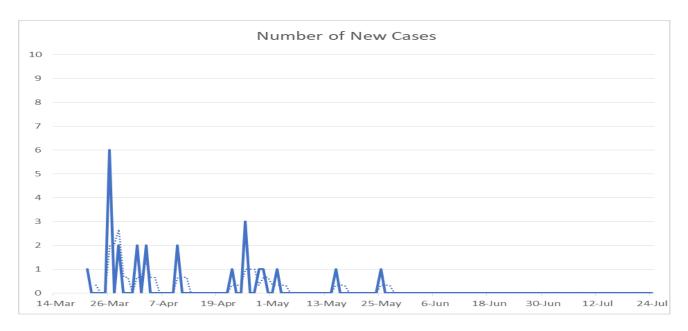


CHART 11A: GRENADA



Note: There were no new cases in Grenada during 18-24 July similar to the past four reporting periods. The last new case occurred on 25 May, a period of 60 days up to July 24. The number of cases stood at 23 as at 24 July. The last active case was on 18 June. During the last reporting period three nationals from Trinidad and Tobago that were repatriated from Grenada were tested positive on entry into the former Member State.

CHART 12: GUYANA

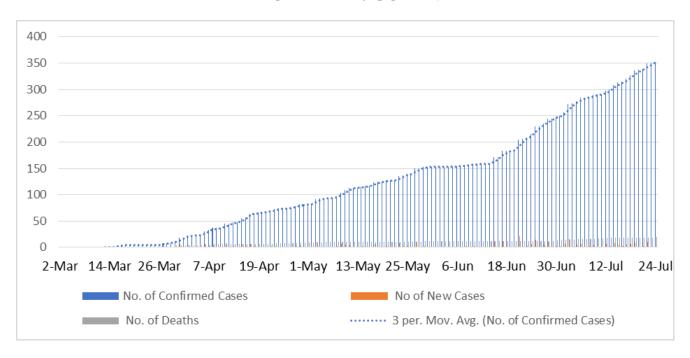
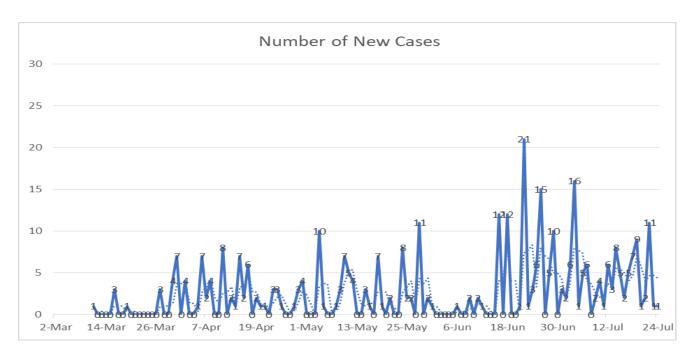


CHART 12A: GUYANA



Note: In Guyana, there were 32 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 30 new cases during 11-17 July, 34 new cases, 4-10 July and 26 new cases during 27 June-3 July. The number of confirmed cases for Guyana increased to 352 as at 24 July.

CHART 12B: GUYANA

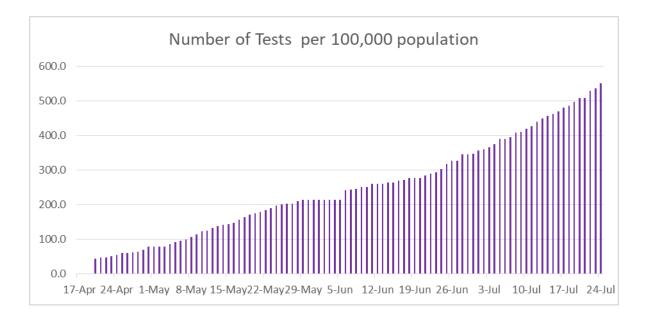


CHART 13: HAITI

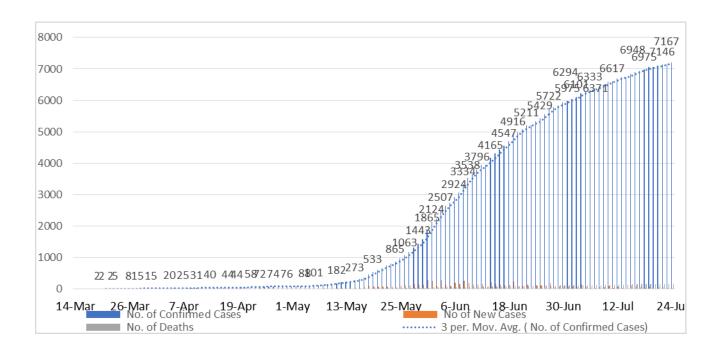
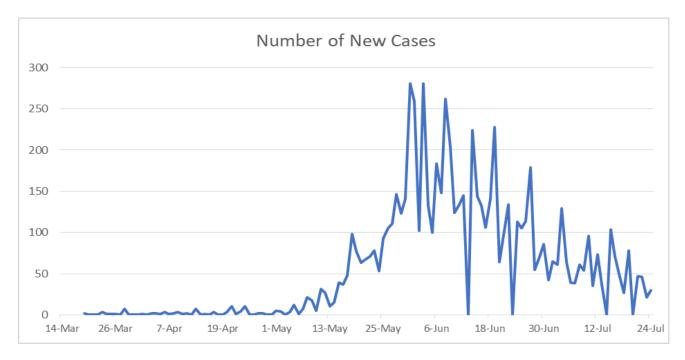


CHART 13A: HAITI



Note: There were 249 new cases in Haiti during 18-24 July as compared to 366 new cases during 11-17 July, 481 new cases during, 4-10 July, 627 new cases during 20-26 June, 975 new cases during 13-19 June and 1201 new cases during 6-12 June. The 249 new cases represented a reduction of 117 new cases from the last reporting period. The total number of cases for Haiti stood at 7197 as at 24 July. The general decreasing trend in the number of new cases from 13 June continues to the current reporting period.

CHART 13B: HAITI

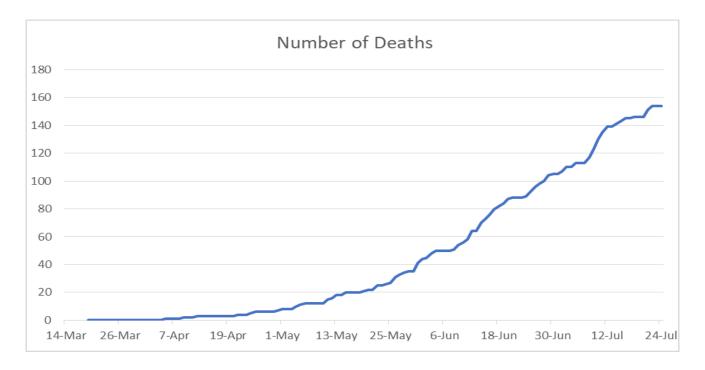


CHART 13C: HAITI

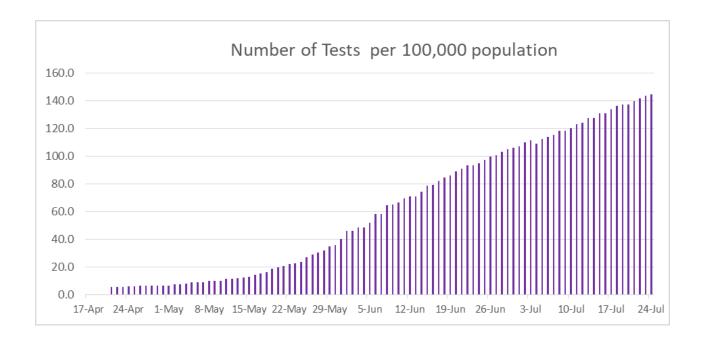


CHART 14: JAMAICA

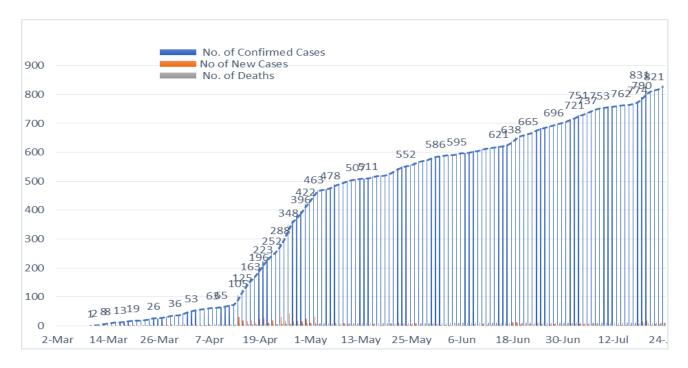
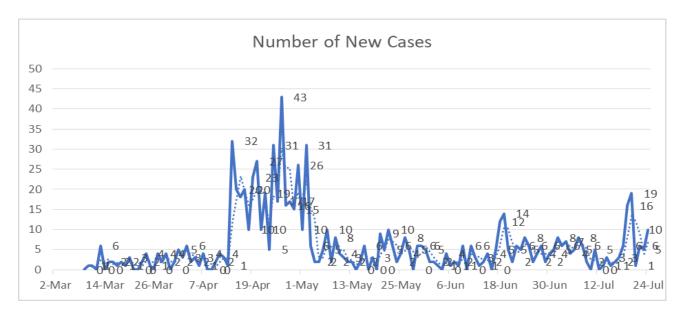


CHART 14A: JAMAICA



Note: Jamaica had 63 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 15 new cases during 11-17 July, 34 new cases during 4-10 July, 35 new cases during 27 June -3 July. The total number of confirmed cases stood at 831 as at 24 July. The number of active cases in Jamaica is 71 as at 24 July.

CHART 15: MONTSERRAT

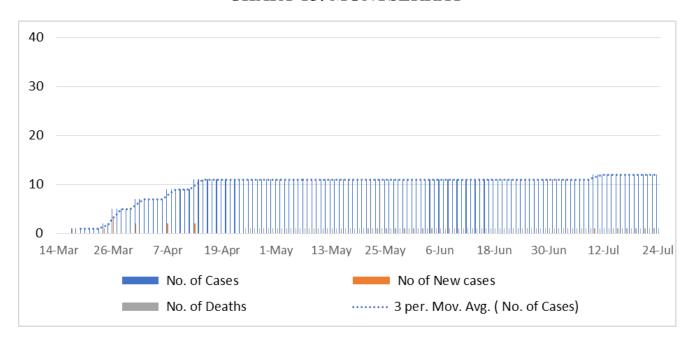
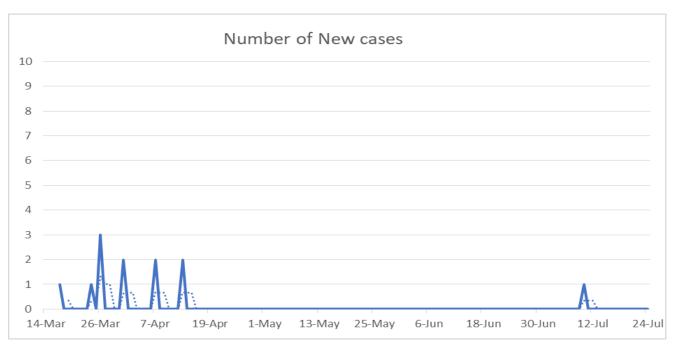


CHART 15A: MONTSERRAT



Note: After having a new case on 13 April, a period of 87 days up to 9 July, Montserrat experienced a new case on 10 July, The number of confirmed cases stood at 12 since July 10. Montserrat's data have been adjusted to reflect this change.

CHART 16: SAINT LUCIA

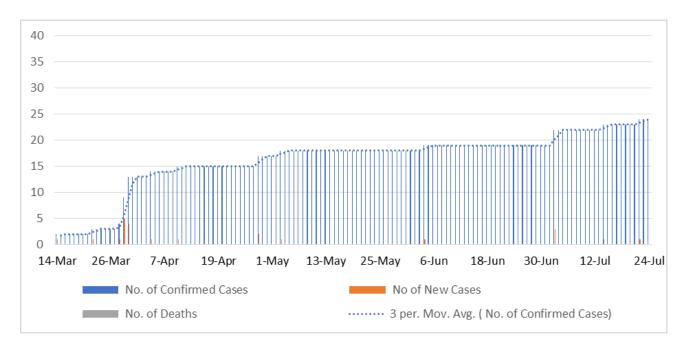
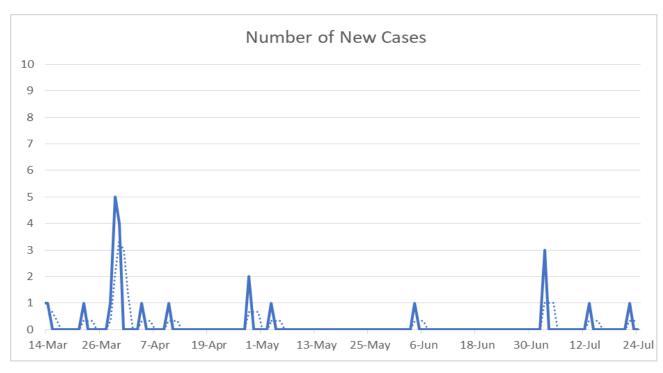


CHART 16A: SAINT LUCIA



Note: There was one new case in Saint Lucia during 18-24 July similar to the period 11-17 July. The number of cases stood at 24 as at 24 July.

CHART 16B: SAINT LUCIA

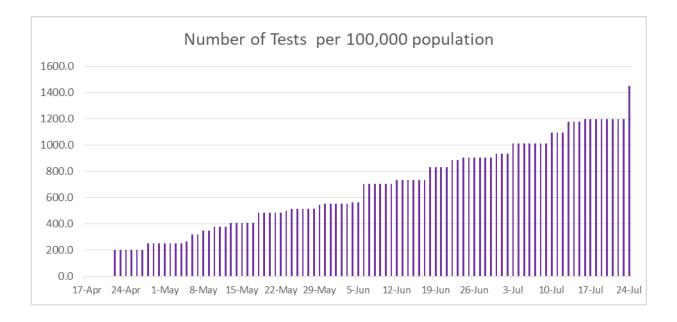


CHART 17: ST. KITTS AND NEVIS

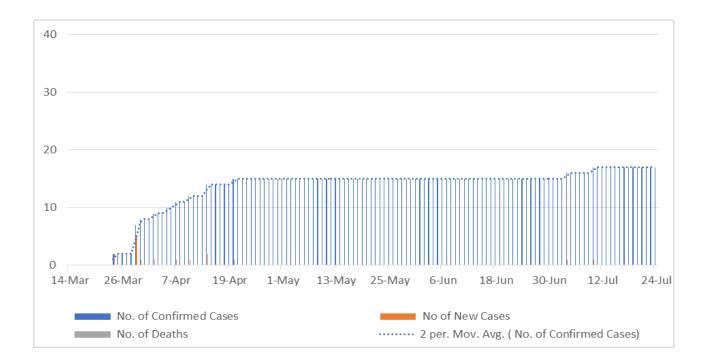
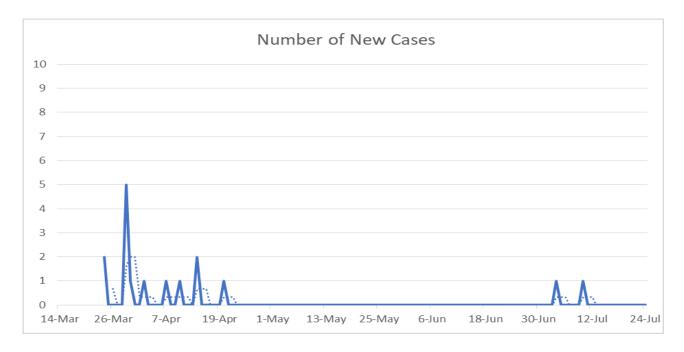


CHART 17A: ST. KITTS AND NEVIS



Note: St Kitts and Nevi experienced 2 new cases during the period 4-10 July after a very long period (over 80 days) with no new cases. The first case was that of a returning national while the other was a frontline worker that came in contact with this patient. The number of cases remained at 17 as at 24 July. There were no new cases during the current reporting period.

CHART 18: ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

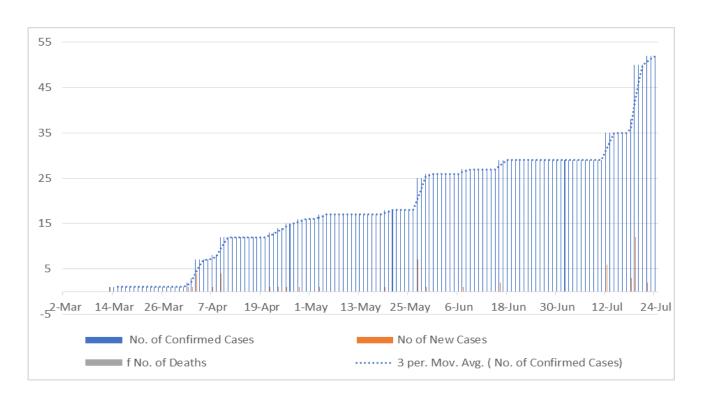
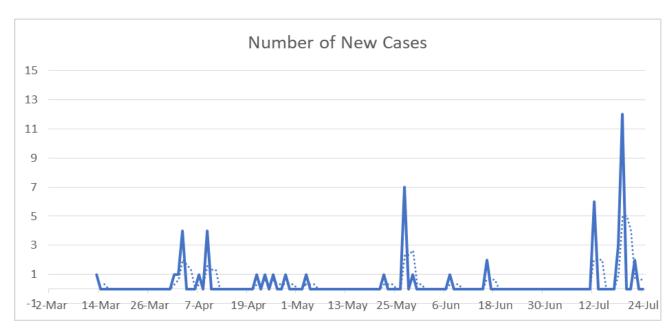


CHART 18A: ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES



Note: There were 17 new cases in St Vincent and the Grenadines during 18-24 July as compared to 6 new cases during 11-17 July and no new cases for the previous 3 reporting periods. The number of cases in St. Vincent and the Grenadines was 52 as at 24 July. St. Vincent and the Grenadines now have 13 active cases.

CHART 18B: ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

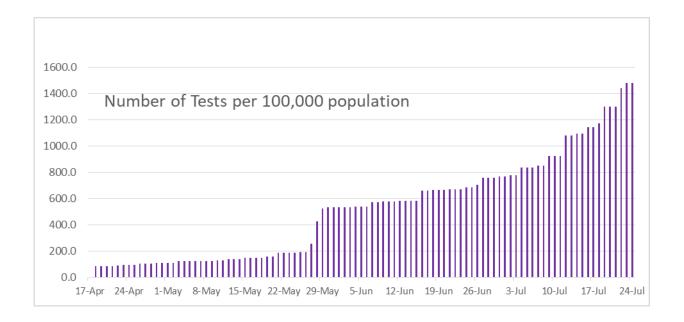


CHART 19: SURINAME

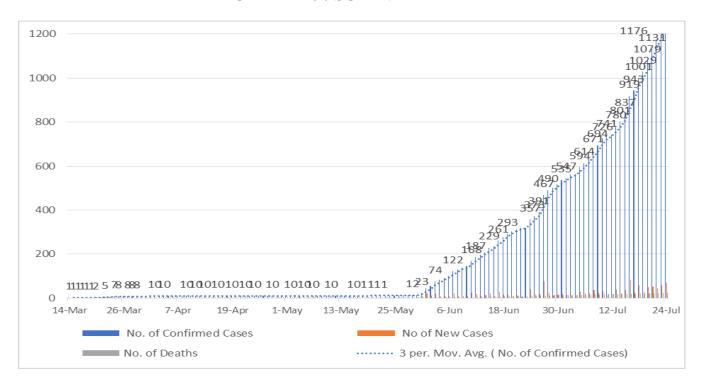
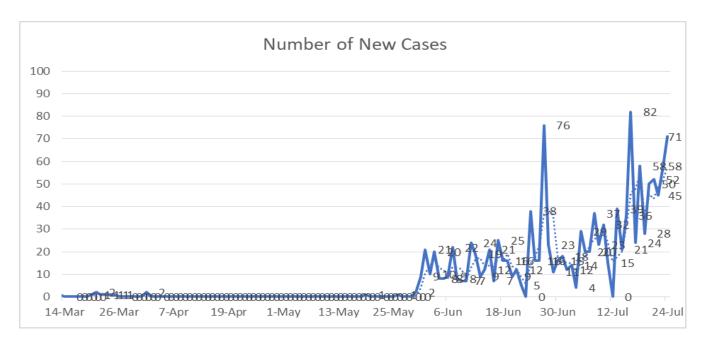


CHART 19A: SURINAME



Note: Suriname had 362 new cases during 18-24 July, 38 percent of the total new cases for CARICOM and greater than the number of new cases for Haiti for this same period. There were 217 new cases during 11-17 July, 32 percent of the total new cases for that period. There were 165 new cases during 4-10 July and 170 new cases during 27 June-3 July. The number of confirmed cases for Suriname stood at 1305 as at 24 July.

CHART 20: TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO -TOTAL CONFIRMED CASES

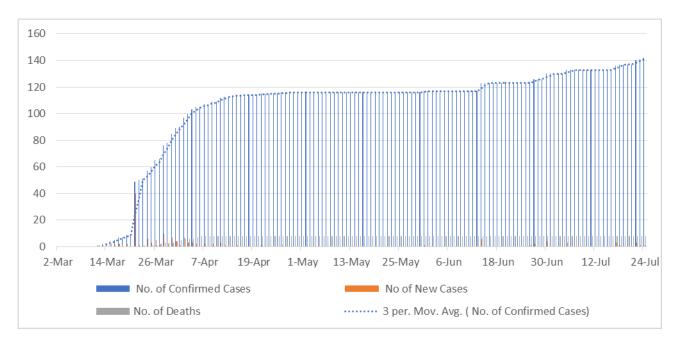
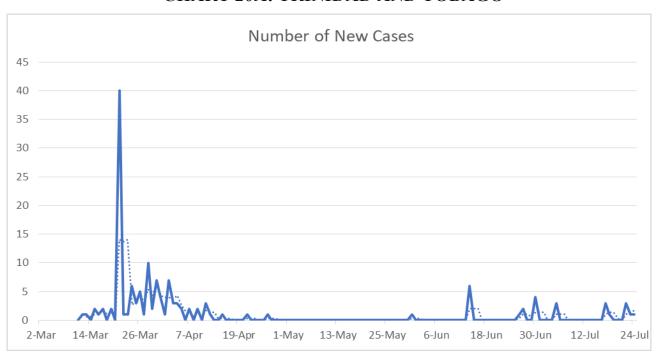


CHART 20A: TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO



Note: Trinidad and Tobago had 6 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 3 new cases during 11-17 July and also during 4-10 July. The number of confirmed cases stood at 142 as at 24 July. The new cases that have recently occurred are largely due to repatriation of nationals.

CHART 20B: TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO - CRUISE PASSENGERS

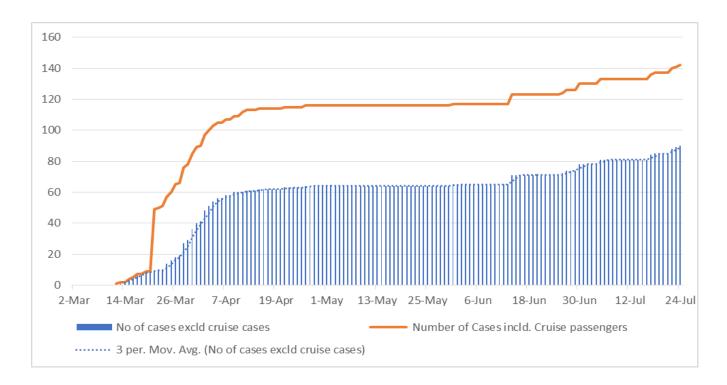


CHART 21: ANGUILLA

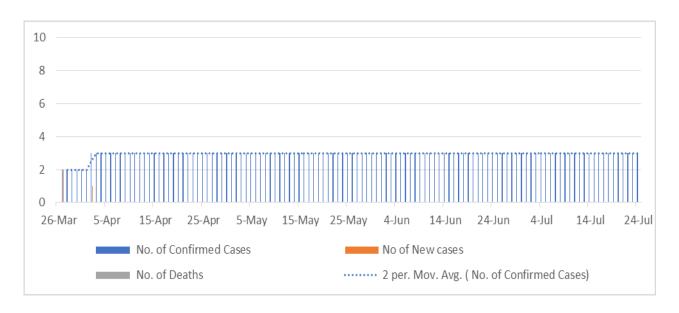
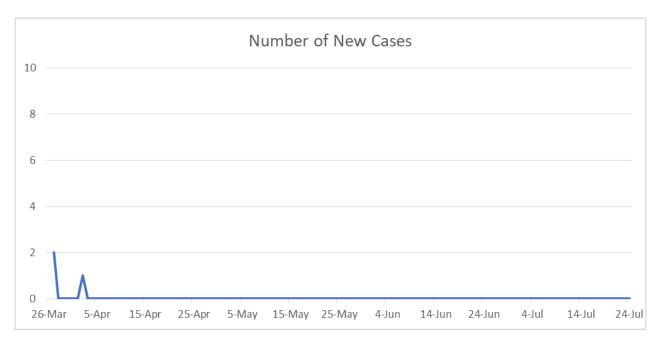


CHART 21A: ANGUILLA



Note: The last positive case of COVID-19 in Anguilla was 2 April, a period of 113 days as at 24 July.

CHART 22: BERMUDA

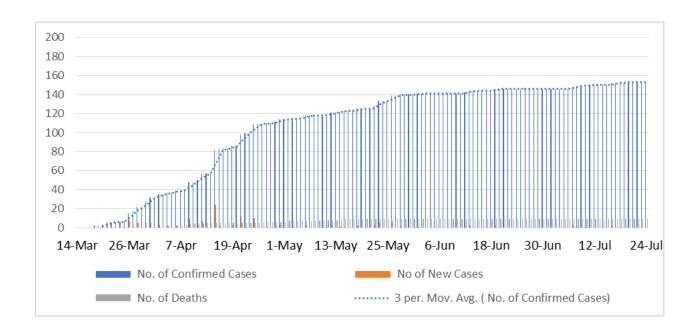
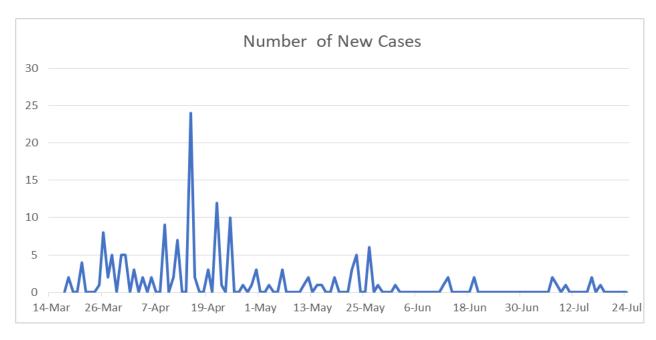


CHART 22A: BERMUDA



Note: Bermuda had one new case during 18-24 July as compared to 2 new cases during 11-17 July, 4 new cases during 4-10 July and no new cases for the previous two reporting periods. The number of confirmed cases for Bermuda stood at 153 as at 24 July.

CHART 23: BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

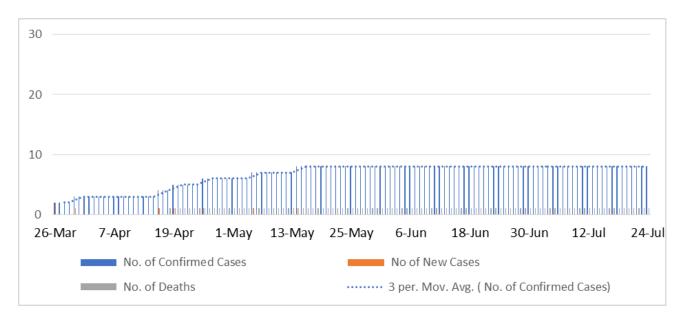
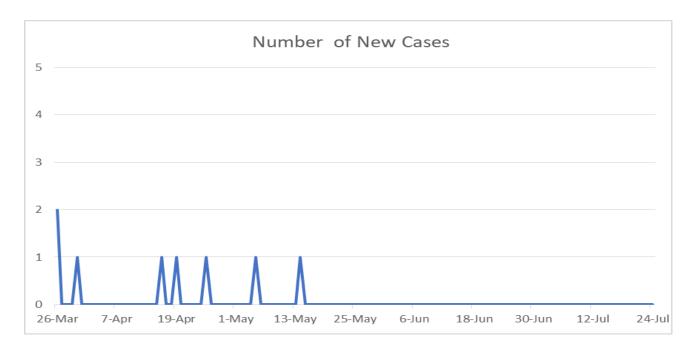


CHART 23A: BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS



Note: There were no new cases in the British Virgin Islands during 18-24 July similar to the past 6 reporting periods. The last positive case was on 14 May, a period of 71 days as at 24 July. The total number of confirmed cases for British Virgin Islands stood at 8 as at 24 July.

CHART 24: CAYMAN ISLANDS

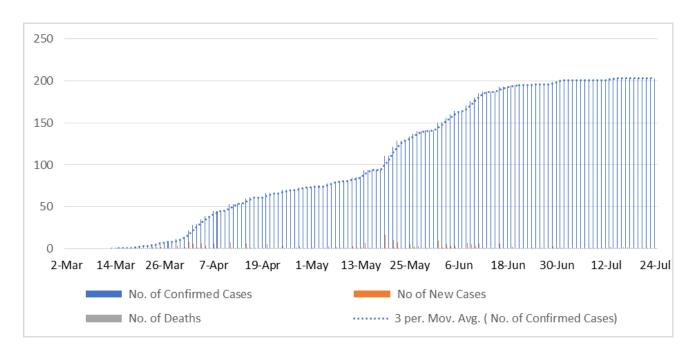
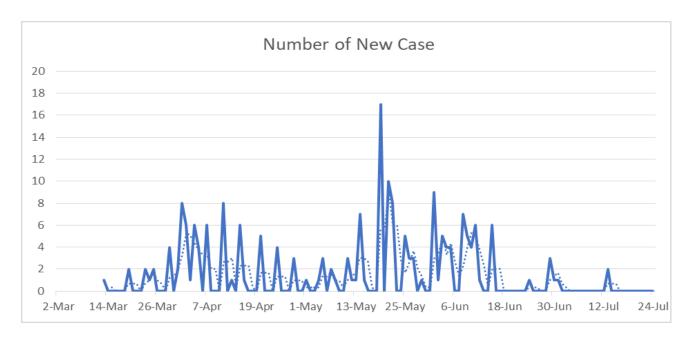


CHART 24A: CAYMAN ISLANDS



Note: There were no new cases in Cayman Islands during 18-24 July. There were, 2 new cases during 11-17 July, no new cases during 4-10 Jul, 5 new cases during 27 June- 3 July. The number of confirmed cases stood at 203 as at 24 July.

CHART 25: TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS

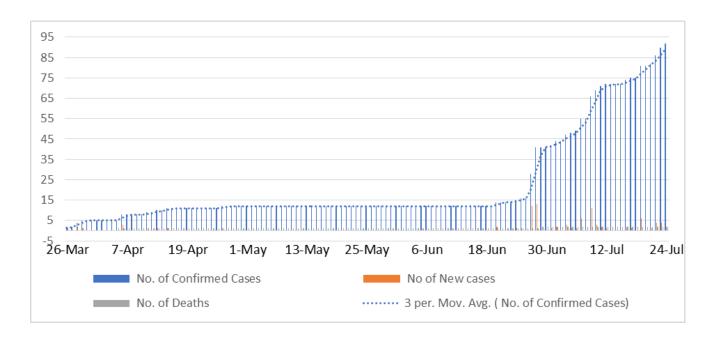
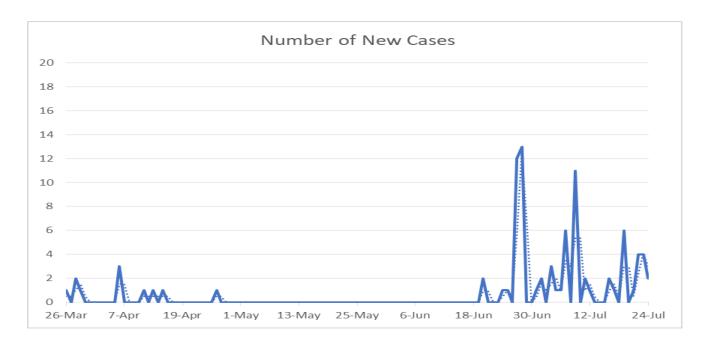


CHART 25A: TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS



Note: Turks and Caicos Islands had 17 new cases during 18-24 July as compared to 6 new cases during 11-17 July, 25 new cases during 4-10 July and 28 new cases during 27 June- 3 July. The number of cases stood at 92 as at 24 July. The increase in the number of new cases appeared to be a mix of local transmission and returning nationals.

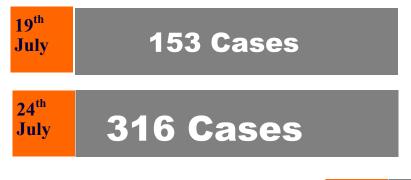
TABLE 8: TREND IN DOUBLING TIME -CARICOM AND SELECTED COUNTRIES

| COUNTRY | PERIOD | NO. OF CASES | NO. OF DAYS |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|
| ALL COUNTRIES | | | |
| With Haiti | 2 June 26 June | 3804 7748 | 24 |
| Without Haiti | 29 April 26 June | 1102 2205 | 58 |
| With Haiti | 4 June 3 July | 4257 8588 | 29 |
| Without Haiti | 7 May 3 July | 1242 2487 | 57 |
| With Haiti | 6 June 10 July | 4571 9533 | 34 |
| Without Haiti | 21 May 10 July | 1387 2771 | 50 |
| With Haiti | 8 June 17 July | 5022 10033 | 39 |
| Without Haiti | 31 May 17 July | 1530 3085 | 47 |
| With Haiti | 10 June 24 July | 5386 10986 | 44 Rate: 2.04 |
| Without Haiti | 16 June 24 July | 1875 3789 | 38 Rate: 2.02 |
| The Bahamas | 21 April 17 July | 65 129 | 87 |
| | 19 July 24 July | 153 316 | 5 Rate: 2.07 |
| Suriname | 10 June 19 June | 144 293 | 9 |
| | 13 June 26 June | 196 391 | 13 |
| | 16 June 3 July | 277 561 | 17 |
| | 24 June 10 July | 357 726 | 16 |
| | 27 June 17 July | 467 943 | 20 |
| | 6 July 24 July | 614 1305 | 18 Rate: 2.1 |

DOUBLING OF CONFIRMED CASES IN SELECTED COUNTRIES

The Bahamas

Doubling (2.07) 5 days



Belize (new) Doubling (2.0) 28 days





Haiti

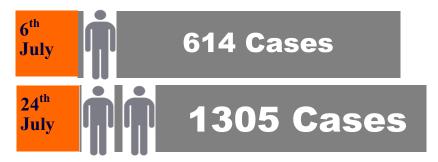
Approx. Doubling (2.03) 45 days



DOUBLING OF CONFIRMED CASES IN SELECTED COUNTRIES

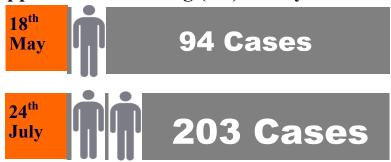
Suriname

Doubling (2.1) - 18 days



Cayman Islands

Approx. Doubling (2.2) 67 days



Turks and Caicos Islands

Doubling (1.96) 20 days



TABLE 9: EXPLANATIONS

| Key Term/Issues | Explanation |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Data on Testing | Testing for the occurrence of COVID-19 provides an understanding of the pandemic. It tells us how the virus is spreading. Testing should be able to tell us about the total number of cases or persons infected. However given the availability or lack thereof of equipment for testing and the establishment of protocols in many countries that invariably implies that persons should fulfil stated criteria to qualify to be tested, it is likely that the total number of cases are unknown. |
| | This data set on testing has increasingly become available for most CARICOM countries with some countries consistently reporting this information. A possible difference in the data is that the tests are performed in different testing laboratories across countries. In some cases testing is done for countries or validated by the Caribbean Public Health Agency (CARPHA) while in other cases they are conducted at national laboratories. Another difference is that tests may include repeated testing for confirmed cases to determine whether these persons have recovered. It is also possible that different types of tests are being reported. |
| | Why is data on testing needed? |
| | The simple answer is that without data on tests conducted on the COVID-19 we cannot possibly understand how the pandemic is progressing, and which contacts to trace and to quarantine. |
| Projections | The projections in this and previous Issues largely rely on using observed doubling rates, the rates of change of the latest period of data (prior to the estimation) or using fitted trend lines. No sophisticated modelling has been utilised. |
| | For example in the case of Chart 2, a linear projection is undertaken and the equation of that straight line is given as follows: $y = -103.42 + 25.045 x$ |
| | Where y represents the number of confirmed cases and x the number of time periods from the commencement of the first case. |
| | Simply put, it is possible to use this equation to obtain predicted values. Assuming that it is necessary to calculate the number of predicted cases on the 29 th April as per the linear trend, the number of time periods (x- value) from the 10 March is roughly 50 so the predicted value works out as follows: |
| | $y_p = -103.42 + 25.045 \times 50 = 1252.25 -103.42 = 1148.83.$ |
| | The actual value for this same period is 1178 confirmed cases. |

TABLE 9: EXPLANATIONS

| Key Term/Issue | Explanation |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number of Cases per 100, 000 population | The number of cases per 100,000 population is calculated by dividing the number of cases by the total population, and then multiplying the result by a standard population size in this case 100,000. |
| | $Rate = \frac{No.of\ Confirmed\ Cases}{Total\ Population}\ x\ 100,000$ |
| | It is useful for comparing countries/regions of varying population sizes |
| | For very small values/small populations these rates may be unstable. |
| | |
| | |
| | |

KEY REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LINKS ON COVID-19

CARICOM Today: - https://today.caricom.org/covid19/regional/

Regional Statistics Programme (RSP): http://statistics.caricom.org/covid19 bulletin.html

UN DATA HUB:- https://covid-19-response.unstatshub.org/useful-links/international-organisations-resources/

CARPHA (Caribbean Public Health Agency) - https://carpha.org/What-We-Do/Public-Health/Novel-Coronavirus

Article: Tracking the Covid-19 Pandemic in CARICOM- Statistics of a Pandemic

https://today.caricom.org/2020/05/04/tracking-covid-19-pandemic-in-caricom/

Please note that this Newsletter will be on the Regional Statistics Programme's (RSP) website as well as on the UN Data Hub.

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