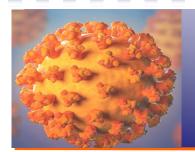
Stats News www.



Special Topic Statistical Bulletin - COVID-19

Issue 19, 31 July 2020

The Special Topic Statistical Bulletin on COVID 19 in CARICOM Countries Issue 19, provides an update of the trajectory of the COVID-19 in the CARICOM Region up to 31 July 2020. The Bulletin provides information on the pattern of the disease of the total number of confirmed cases, new cases and deaths for each country and the total for CARICOM. The data are preliminary and will be adjusted as more reliable data are made available. This Issue continues to explore graphically, the movement in the curves for the number of confirmed cases to deduce whether they are flattening or expanding upwards as a reflection of the transmission of the virus. The Section, What do we learn from the Data? is updated. The Projections are compared with the actual values for this reporting period. In general, these projections may be far removed from the reality of the situations in countries and may not depict the actual outcomes. Limited data are available on Sex and by Mode of Transmission of the virus. The repatriation of nationals in a few countries is reflected in increases in confirmed cases in the respective countries. Local transmission of the virus is also continuing. The trends in the data on testing continue to be critical to tracking the pandemic. The primary approach to sourcing the data continues to be web-scraping of information from official sources of countries. Please review the back issues for other key explanations about the data.

Situation at a Glance

JUNE 2020							
Sun	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	
14 th 5986	15 th 6156	16 th 6316	17 th 6452	18 th 6633	19 th 6895	•••••	
28 th 8123	29 th 8220	•••••					
		J	U LY 20 2	20			
				2 nd 8498	3 rd 8588	4 th 8748	
••••	20 th 10,404	21 st 10,528	22 nd 10,671	23 rd 10,820	24 th 10,986	25 th 11,160	
26 th 11,290	27 th 11,427	28 th 11,561	29 th 11,743	30 th 11,842		July 036	
D D. 4. W/4. H. 4.							

Doubling Rate With Haiti
Total number of confirmed cases increased by

6,050

over **47 days** 14 June-31 July 2020]

Doubling Rate Without Haiti

Total number of confirmed cases increased by

2,325 over **34 days** [27 June (**2299**)-31 July (**4624**)] **2.01**



Total number of deaths increased by 132 in 49 days (12 June - 31 July) at a rate of 1.99

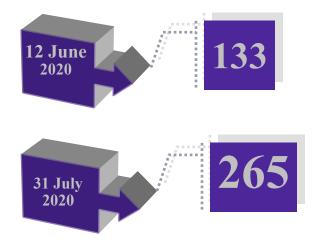


TABLE 1: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES -NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES, NEW CASES AND DEATHS - 27 JUNE - 31 JULY 2020

Date	No. of Confirmed Cases	No. of New Cases	No. of Deaths
27-Jun	8021	273	175
28-Jun	8123	102	177
29-Jun	8220	97	184
30-Jun	8335	115	185
01-Jul	8407	72	186
02-Jul	8498	91	189
03-Jul	8588	90	192
04-Jul	8748	160	193
05-Jul	8850	102	197
06-Jul	8922	72	198
07-Jul	9005	83	199
08-Jul	9113	108	205
09-Jul	9210	97	211
10-Jul	9353	143	219
11-Jul	9419	66	225
12-Jul	9505	86	230
13-Jul	9589	84	230
14-Jul	9627	38	232
15-Jul	9777	150	235
16-Jul	9946	169	237
17-Jul	10033	87	238
18-Jul	10145	112	240
19-Jul	10310	165	241
20-Jul	10404	94	241
21-Jul	10528	124	246
22-Jul	10671	143	249
23-Jul	10820	149	251
24-Jul	10986	166	252
25-Jul	11160	174	254
26-Jul	11290	130	255
27-Jul	11427	137	256
28-Jul	11561	134	257
29-Jul	11743	182	259
30-Jul	11842	99	263
31-Jul	12036	194	265

Note: The Number of Confirmed Cases and the Number of Deaths are <u>cumulative values</u> while the Number of New Cases is not cumulative and reflects the <u>daily</u> number of cases. Please see Issue 10 for the explanation on how the cumulative values are derived. Please check previous Issues for the data from 10 March— 26 June 2020.

What do we learn from the Data?

[as at 31 July 2020]

The number of confirmed cases moved from 10,986 as at 24 July to 12,036 cases on 31 July. The number of deaths moved from 252 to 265. There were 1050 new cases (compared to 953 new cases for the previous period) and 13 new deaths. Suriname led in the number of new cases with 401, followed by The Bahamas with 258 and Haiti with 215.

Recoveries as at 31 July stood at 7440 and active cases at 4280 as compared to 6833 recoveries and 3858 active cases respectively on 24 July.

Active Cases [Active Cases are Confirmed Cases less recoveries, less deaths and less persons who tested positive and who might have left the country]:

- ◆ There are <u>four (4) countries</u> with no active cases as at 31 July, one less than for 24 July. The countries with no active cases are:- *Anguilla, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands and Dominica. Grenada* is no longer in the 'no active' cases category as in the previous reporting period.
- Four (4) countries Grenada (1), Montserrat (2), Saint Lucia (3) and St Kitts and Nevis (1) had 1-4 active cases.
- ♦ Three (3) countries- Barbados (7), St Vincent and the Grenadines (10) and Bermuda (6) had 5-10 active cases.
- Two (2) countries- Antigua and Barbuda (21) and Belize (16) had 11-25 active cases.
- Trinidad and Tobago (29) had 26-50 active cases.
- ◆ Two (2) countries- Jamaica (95) and Turks and Caicos Islands (73) had between 50–100 active cases.
- Guyana (208) had between 100-300 active cases. The Bahamas (467) and Suriname (557) had 300-600 active cases.
- *Haiti* had 2784 active cases, a reduction over the last reporting period.

Recoveries

- There were *four* countries for which all active cases had recovered as at **31 July**.
- ◆ Among the other countries, Haiti had 4467 recoveries, Suriname, 1123, Jamaica, 726, Cayman Islands, 202, Guyana, 185, Bermuda, 141 and Trinidad and Tobago, 132.

Confirmed Cases

- In absolute terms the countries with the highest numbers of Confirmed Cases are *Haiti*, 7412, *Suriname*, 1706, *Jamaica*, 878, *The Bahamas*, 574, *Guyana*, 413, *Cayman Islands*, 203, *Trinidad and Tobago*, 169, *Bermuda*, 156, *Turks and Caicos Islands*, 114, *Barbados* 110, *Antigua and Barbuda*, 91 and St Vincent and the Grenadines 54.
- ♦ In rates per 100,000 population for countries with 25+ cases, Cayman Islands has the highest rate with 308.45, followed by Suriname, 292.62, Turks and Caicos Islands with 276.03, Bermuda with 243.85 and The Bahamas has now joined the top five with 150.53.
- The rate for Antigua and Barbuda is 95.78. Haiti is at 64.95, Guyana, 55.74, St Vincent and the Grenadines, 48.65, Barbados, 40.05 and Jamaica, 32.19. Montserrat (under 25 cases) has a rate of 260 (13 cases); [Please see Table 2 for rates for other countries].

Deaths

- Haiti has the highest number of deaths as at 31 July with 161, an increase of 7 from 24 July. Suriname is in second place with 26 followed by, Guyana, 20, The Bahamas, 14 (3 deaths this reporting period) and Jamaica with 10;
- ◆ The number of deaths per 100,000 population is the highest in *Montserrat 20 (1)*; *Bermuda 14.07 (9)*, *Turks and Caicos Islands*, 4.84 (2). *Suriname 4.46 (26) and The Bahamas (14)* has now joined the top five with 3.67. *British Virgin Islands* is at 3.43 (1). The rate for Haiti is 1.41.
- The Case Fatality Rate (number of deaths as a percentage of the number of confirmed cases) is the highest in the **British Virgin Islands** with 12.5 percent, followed by **Montserrat** with 7.7, **Barbados** is at 6.4 percent, **Bermuda** (5.8 percent), **Guyana** (4.8 percent). **Haiti** is at 2.2 percent,

Testing- [Tracking the pandemic]

• Cayman Islands continues to have the best testing record with a rate of 45,769.1 tests per 100,000 population (30,122 tests) followed by Bermuda, 33,929.9 (21,706 tests), Barbados, 3962.0 (10,881 tests), Anguilla, 3220.0 (483) and Montserrat, 3180.0 (159 tests). Jamaica has conducted the highest number of tests with 38,733 but is in tenth place with 1420.1 tests per 100,000 population.

CHART 1: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES, NEW CASES AND DEATHS – 10 MARCH - 31 JULY 2020

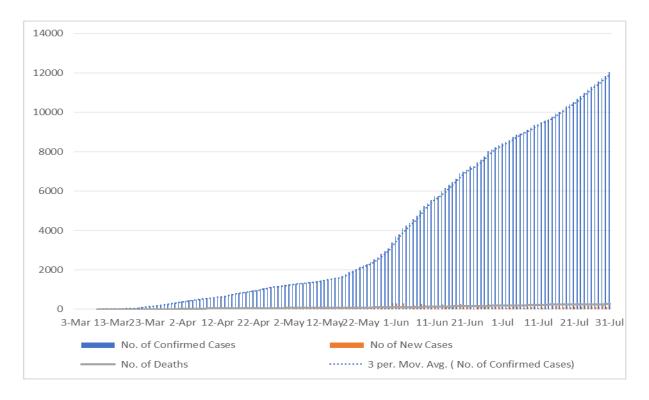
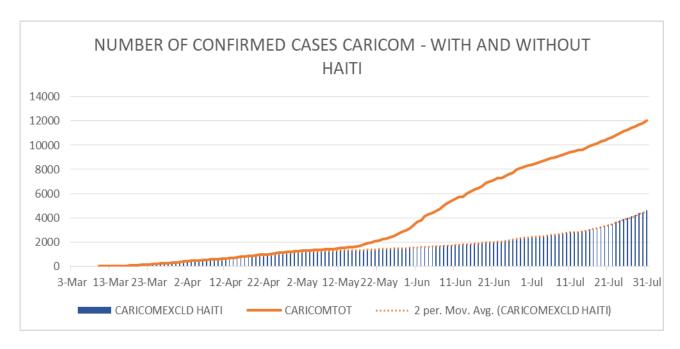


CHART 1A: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES IN CARICOM—WITH AND WITHOUT HAITI AS AT 31 JULY 2020



Note: The number of confirmed cases moved from 10,986 as at 24 July to 12,036 as at 31 July, increasing by 1050 cases while the number of deaths moved from 252 to 265, an increase of 13.

CHART 1B: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF NEW CASES - 10 MARCH - 31 JULY 2020

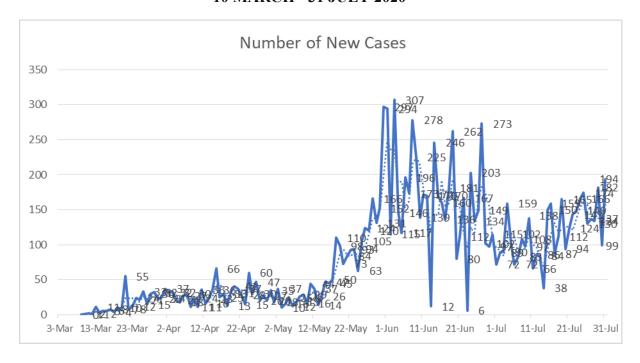
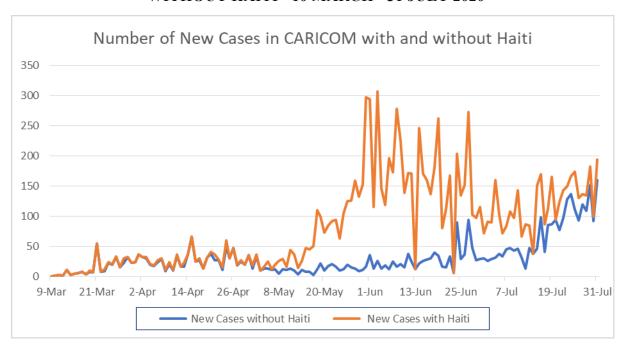


CHART 1C: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF NEW CASES - WITH AND WITHOUT HAITI - 10 MARCH - 31 JULY 2020



Note: The total number of new cases for the period 25-31 July was 1050 as compared to 953 during 18-24 July, 680 as at 11-17 July, 765 during 4-10 July, 27 June-3 July with 840, 20-26 June, 851 and 13-19 June with 1167. The number of new cases for the current reporting period is 97 more than for the previous reporting period. Suriname had the highest number of new cases with 401 (38.2 percent). The Bahamas had the second highest number of new cases with 258 (24.6 percent) overtaking Haiti that contributed to 215 of the new cases or 20.5 percent (26.1 percent for the previous period). Guyana contributed to 61 of the new cases, Jamaica, 47, Trinidad and Tobago, 27 and Turks and Caicos Islands 22. The gap in the number of new cases between Haiti and the rest of CARICOM has closed. Please review previous Issues of this Bulletin as well as Chart 13A to see the declining contribution of Haiti to new cases.

CHART 1D: SUMMARY ALL COUNTRIES - NUMBER OF DEATHS - 10 MARCH - 31 JULY 2020

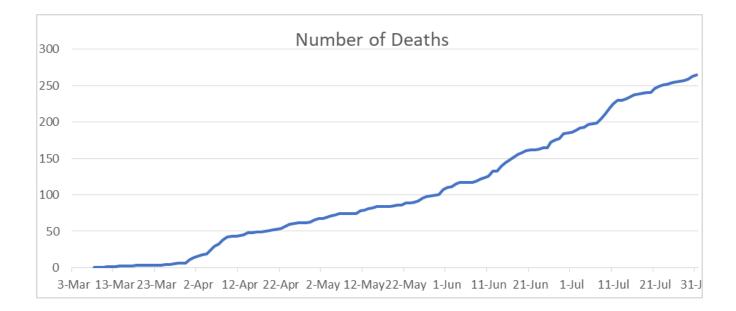
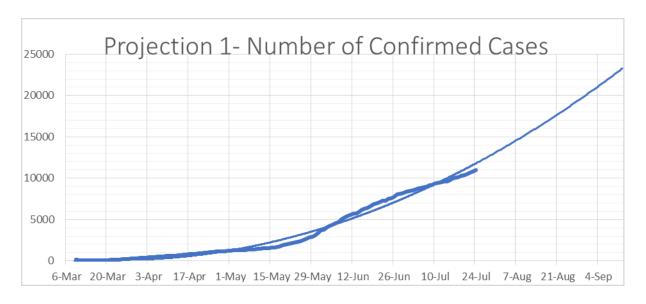
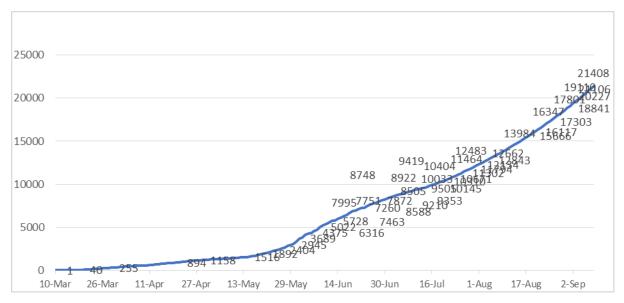


CHART 2: PROJECTION 1-ESTIMATED NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES EXTENDED TO SEPTEMBER 2020



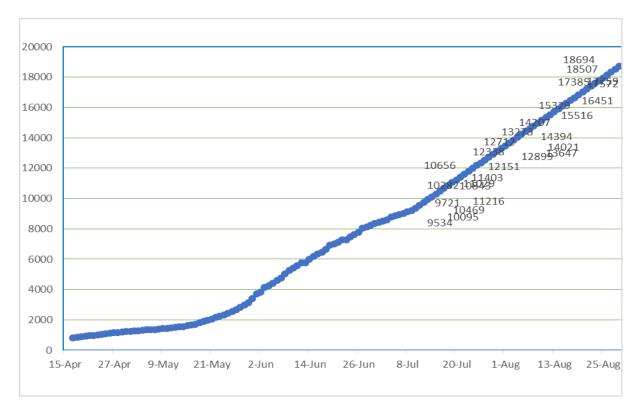
Note: The non-linear trendline gave a projected value for 31 July of 13,000. The actual value is 12,036 which is relatively close to the projected value. The projected value for 7 August is 14,000.

CHART 2A: UPDATED PROJECTION USING GROWTH RATES (17-24 JULY) OF THE NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PROJECTED UP TO SEPTEMBER 2020



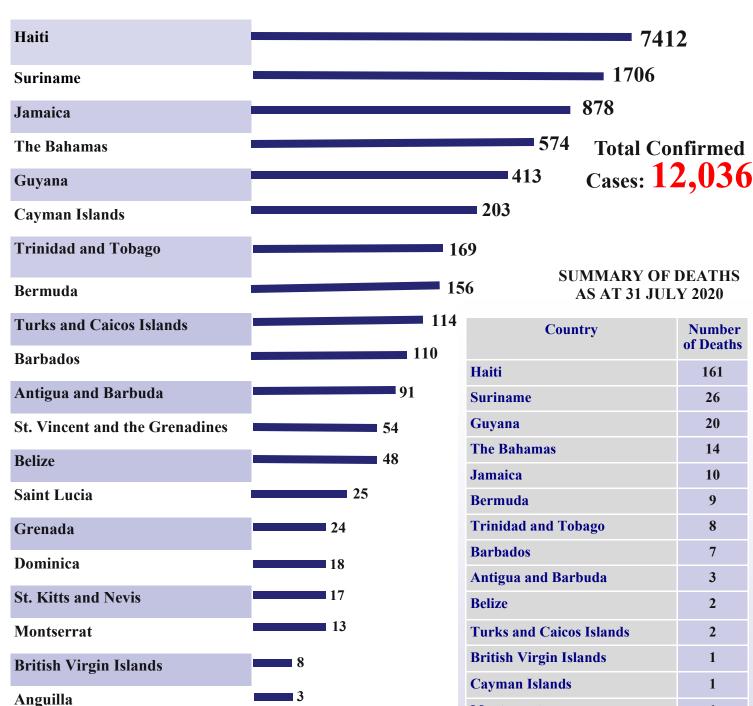
Note: The projected value for 31 July from this projection was 12,134. The actual value is 12,036, which is remarkably close to the projected value, a difference of just under 100 cases. The projected value for 7 August is 13,401.

CHART 2B: PROJECTION BASED ON 50 DAY DOUBLING PERIOD- UP TO AUGUST 2020- FITTED WITH ACTUAL VALUES



Note: The projected value for 31 July was 13,273 as compared to the actual value of 12,036. The projected value for 7 August is 14,581.

SUMMARY OF CONFIRMED CASES AS AT 31 JULY 2020



Total Deaths: 265

Note: The number of confirmed cases in Haiti is 7412, which is just over 4 times (5.5 times the previous week) the number of confirmed cases for Suriname that has 1706 cases (second place). Jamaica remains in third place with 878 cases, 828 cases behind Suriname (474 the previous week). The Bahamas with 574 cases had the highest number of new cases (258) and is now in fourth place overtaking Guyana, 413 cases. Haiti with an additional 7 deaths, Suriname with 3 additional deaths and The Bahamas also with 3 deaths are the countries that have contributed to the increase in deaths for the reporting period.

Guyana	20
The Bahamas	14
Jamaica	10
Bermuda	9
Trinidad and Tobago	8
Barbados	7
Antigua and Barbuda	3
Belize	2
Turks and Caicos Islands	2
British Virgin Islands	1
Cayman Islands	1
Montserrat	1
Dominica	0
Grenada	0
Saint Lucia	0
St. Kitts and Nevis	0
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	0
Anguilla	0

TABLE 2: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION IN CARICOM –SELECTED COUNTRIES– 19 JUNE – 31 JULY

	DATE						
COUNTRY	19-Jun	26-Jun	03-Jul	10-Jul	17-Jul	24-Jul	31-Jul
CARICOM -ALL COUNTRIES	37.96	42.65	47.28	51.49	55.23	60.48	66.26
CARICOM EXCLD HAITI	27.47	30.61	34.52	38.47	42.83	52.60	64.19
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	27.36	68.41	71.57	77.88	79.99	86.30	95.78
THE BAHAMAS	27.27	27.27	27.27	28.32	33.83	82.87	150.53
BARBADOS	35.32	35.32	35.32	35.68	37.87	39.33	40.05
BERMUDA	228.22	228.22	228.22	234.47	237.60	239.16	243.85
DEL LOS	7.7 0	6.02		0.20	40.05	10.06	10.00
BELIZE	5.53	6.03	7.54	9.30	10.05	12.06	12.06
CAVMANICIANDO	207.20	207.01	205 41	205 41	200 45	200.45	200.45
CAYMAN ISLANDS	296.29	297.81	305.41	305.41	308.45	308.45	308.45
GUYANA	24.70	31.04	34.55	39.14	43.18	47.50	55.74
GUTANA	24.70	31.04	34.33	39.14	43.10	47.50	55.74
HAITI	43.08	48.57	53.46	57.68	60.89	63.07	64.95
HAITI	45.00	40. 37	33.40	37.00	00.07	05.07	UT./3
JAMAICA	23.90	25.15	26.43	27.61	28.16	28.16	32.19
		20110	20110	27,01	20110	20110	2.17
ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES	26.13	26.13	26.13	26.13	31.53	46.85	48.65
SURINAME	50.26	67.07	94.51	124.53	161.75	223.84	292.62
TRINIDAD & TOBAGO	9.05	9.12	9.56	9.79	10.01	10.45	12.43
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	29.06	38.74	106.54	159.81	181.60	222.76	276.03

Note: Please check the **Explanatory Notes repeated in this Issue** for the use of rates per 100,000 population in comparing values across countries.

Of the countries with 25 + confirmed cases, the top five countries for the number of confirmed cases per 100,000 population as at 31 July are: Cayman Islands (308.45), Suriname (292.62), Turks and Caicos Islands (276.03), Bermuda (243.85) and The Bahamas, which is now in the top five with 150.53. Antigua and Barbuda follows with 95.78. Haiti's rate is 64.95 Montserrat (less than 25 confirmed cases) not shown in this table has the second highest rate with 260 cases per 100,000 population.

Information on the number of confirmed cases per 100, 000 population as at 31 July for those countries that are not shown can be requested. Please check previous Issues for rates for earlier periods.

CHART 3: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION-CARICOM WITH AND WITHOUT HAITI 26 MARCH-31 JULY 2020

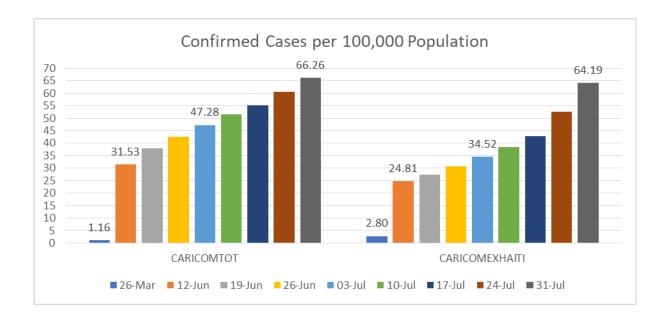


CHART 3A: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION – SELECTED COUNTRIES 26 MARCH – 31 JULY 2020

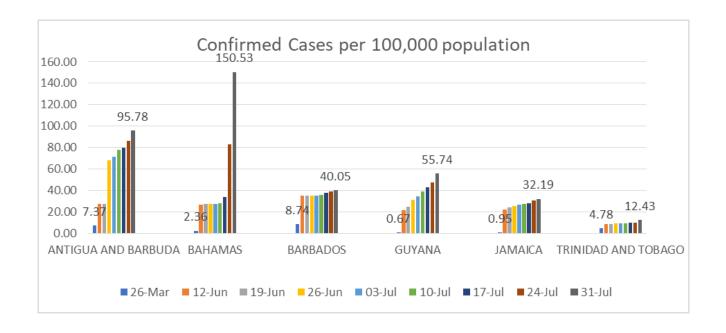


CHART 3B: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION – SELECTED COUNTRIES (WITH HAITI AND SURINAME) 26 MARCH- 31 JULY 2020

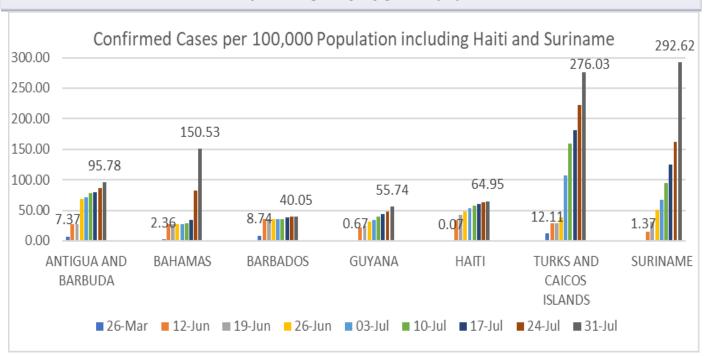


CHART 3C: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION – BERMUDA AND CAYMAN ISLANDS -26 MARCH – 31 JULY 2020

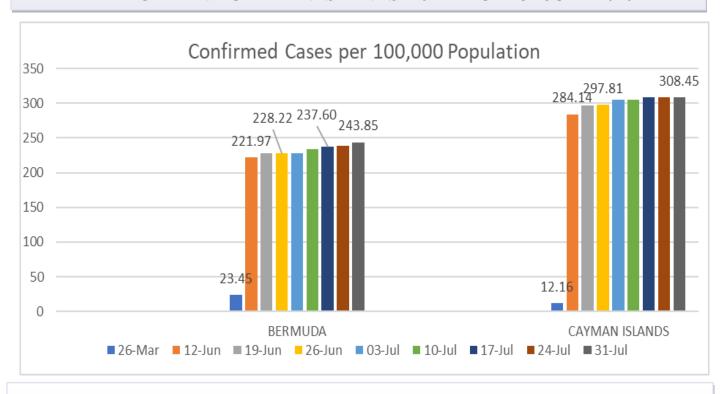


CHART 3D: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION-HAITI - 26 MARCH- 31 JULY 2020

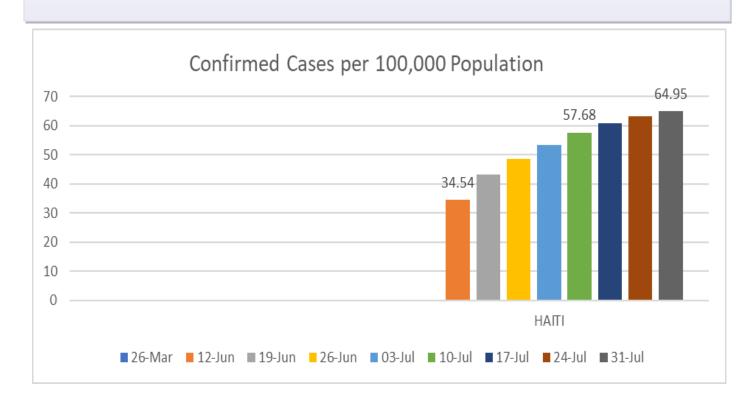


CHART 3E: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION GUYANA, JAMAICA, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO AND SURINAME 26 MARCH- 31 JULY 2020

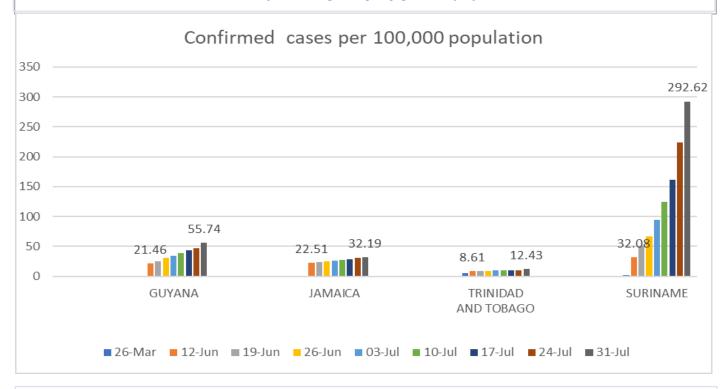


CHART 3F: NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES PER 100,000 POPULATION ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA, THE BAHAMAS, BARBADOS AND ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES 26 MARCH- 31 JULY 2020

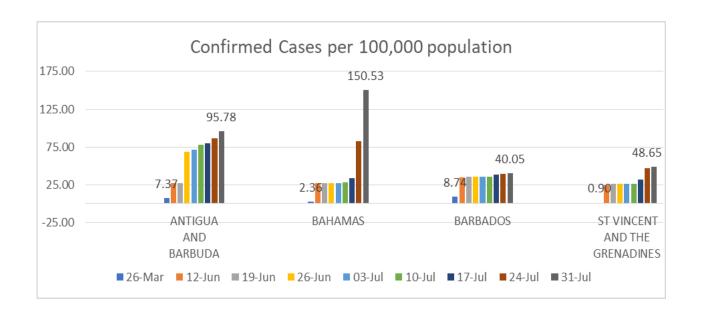


TABLE 3: NUMBER OF DEATHS PER 100,000 POPULATION 19 JUNE – 31 JULY 2020

	DATE						
	19- June	26– June	3- July	10– July	17– July	24– July	31– July
CARICOM ALL COUNTRIES	0.87	0.95	1.06	1.21	1.32	1.39	1.46
CARICOM EXCL. HAITI	1.03	1.06	1.14	1.24	1.30	1.36	1.44
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.16
THE BAHAMAS	2.88	2.88	2.88	2.88	2.88	2.88	3.67
BARBADOS	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55	2.55
BERMUDA	14.07	14.07	14.07	14.07	14.07	14.07	14.07
BELIZE	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43
CAYMAN ISLANDS	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52	1.52
GUYANA	1.62	1.62	1.89	2.16	2.56	2.70	2.70
HAITI	0.74	0.84	0.96	1.14	1.27	1.35	1.41
JAMAICA	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37
MONTSERRAT	20.00	20.00	20.0	20.0	20.00	20.00	20.00
SURINAME	1.37	1.72	2.23	3.09	3.26	3.95	4.46
TRINIDAD & TOBAGO	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.59
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	2.42	2.42	4.84	4.84	4.84	4.84	4.84

Note: The number of deaths per 100,000 population is adjusted by the corresponding population of countries. Please check previous issues for rates for earlier periods.

TABLE 3A: DEATHS AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE NUMBER OF CONFIRMED CASES— CASE FATALITY RATES –19 JUNE – 31 JULY

DEAT	TH RATE	s to co	NFIRME	D CASES	S		
	19-	26-	03-	10-	17-	24-	31-
COUNTRY	Jun	Jun	Jul	Jul	Jul	Jul	Jul
CARICOM-ALL COUNTRIES	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.2
COUNTRIES	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.5	2,2
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	11.5	4.6	4.4	4.1	3.9	3.7	3.3
THE BAHAMAS	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.2	8.5	3.5	3.0
BARBADOS	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.4
BERMUDA	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8
DERMUDA	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	3.9	5.9	5.0
BELIZE	10.5	8.3	6.7	5.4	5.0	4.2	4.2
BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
CAYMAN ISLANDS	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
GUYANA	6.6	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.7	4.8
GUIANA	0.0	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.7	3.7	4.0
HAITI	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2
JAMAICA	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
MONTSERRAT	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1	8.3	7.7
SURINAME	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.0	1.8	1.5
SOMMAND	4.1	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.0	1.0	1.3
				- 0	- 0		
TRINIDAD & TOBAGO	6.5	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.6	4.7
THIRLY AND CALCOS							
TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS	8.3	6.3	4.5	2.9	2.7	2.2	1.8
	0.5	0.5	T.0	2.7	2.1	2.2	1.0

Note: The number of deaths to confirmed cases reflects a fatality rate that does not take the population size into consideration. Please check previous issues for values for earlier periods.

CHART 4: DEATHS AS A PERCENTAGE OF CONFIRMED CASES-ALL COUNTRIES-CASE FATALITY RATES AS AT 31 JULY 2020

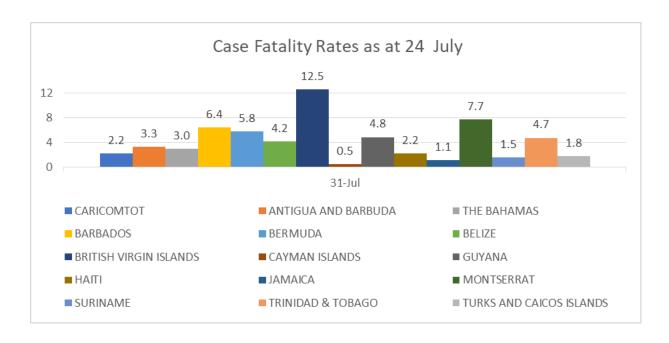
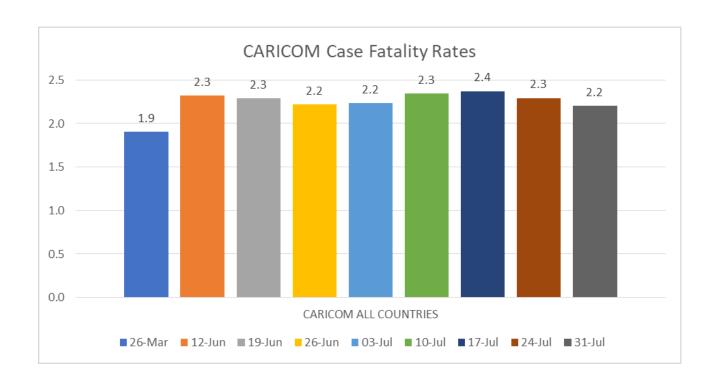
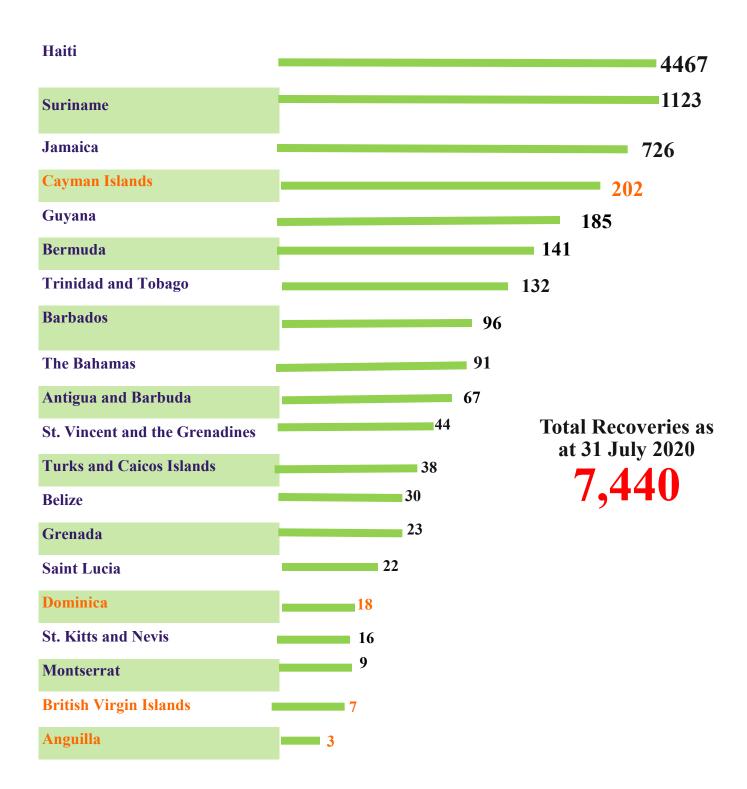


CHART 4A: CARICOM—ALL COUNTRIES- CASE FATALITY RATES 26 MARCH - 31 JULY



SUMMARY OF RECOVERED CASES AS AT 31 JULY 2020



FOR COUNTRIES SHOWN IN ORANGE, ALL ACTIVE CASES HAVE RECOVERED .

TABLE 4: ACTIVE CASES, RECOVERIES, NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED AND HOSPITALISATIONS AS AT 31 JULY 2020

	CONFIRMED		ACTIVE	NO. OF	
COUNTRY	CASES	RECOVERIES	CASES	TESTS	HOSPITALISATIONS
Haiti	7412	4467	2784	17554	185 ^e
Suriname	1706	1123	557	1931	88
Jamaica	878	726	95	38733	22
Cayman Islands	203	202	0	30122	0
Guyana	413	185	208	4705	
Bermuda	156	141	6	21706	0
Trinidad and Tobago	169	132	29	7956	29
Barbados	110	96	7	10881	
The Bahamas	574	91	467	4286	19
Antigua and Barbuda	91	67	21	1345	
St Vincent and the Grenadines	54	44	10	2091	
Turks and Caicos Islands	114	38	73	1216	3
Belize	48	30	16	3439	
Grenada	24	23	1	1125	
Saint Lucia	25	22	3	3348	3
Dominica	18	18	0	643	0
St Kitts and Nevis	17	16	1	931	
Montserrat	13	9	2	159	
British Virgin Islands	8	7	0	439	0
Anguilla	3	3	0	483	0
Total	12,036	7440	4280		

Note: The table is sorted by descending order of recoveries.

All active cases in Anguilla, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands and, Dominica have recovered up to the end of the reporting period 31 July.

The following countries <u>had no active cases</u> in past reporting periods and now have active cases: Barbados (7), Bermuda (6), Grenada (1) Montserrat (2), St Kitts and Nevis (1), Saint Lucia (3), St Vincent and the Grenadines (10), Suriname (557), Trinidad and Tobago (29) and Turks and Caicos Islands (73).

Antigua and Barbuda has 21 active cases, The Bahamas, 467 and Belize 16.

Eleven countries have 10 or less active cases, the same as for the last reporting period.

Table 5: NUMBER OF TESTS AND RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION – AS AT 31 JULY 2020

COUNTRY	NO. OF TESTS	NO. OF TESTS PER 100,000
Anguilla	483	3220.0
Antigua and Barbuda	1345	1415.6
The Bahamas	4286	1124.0
Barbados	10881	3962.0
Belize	3439	864.0
Bermuda	21706	33929.9
British Virgin Islands	439	1506.0
Cayman Islands	30122	45769.1
Dominica	643	893.1
Grenada	1125	1009.3
Guyana	4705	635.0
Haiti	17554	153.8
Jamaica	38733	1420.1
Montserrat	159	3180.0
Saint Lucia	3348	1870.4
St Kitts and Nevis	931	1756.6
St Vincent and the Grenadines	2091	1883.8
Suriname	1931	331.2
Trinidad and Tobago	7956	585.3
Turks and Caicos Islands	1216	2944.3

Note: The top five countries based on the number of tests per 100,000 are: Cayman Islands (45,769.1), Bermuda, (33,929.9), Barbados (3962.0), Anguilla (3220.0) and Montserrat (3180.0) in that order.

It is not known whether these tests are a mix of Rapid Tests and PCR or Polymerase Chain Reaction testing. Wherever this is known, the Rapid Tests are removed from the total number of tests conducted. However, a few countries have been able to obtain PCR-based testing equipment from other countries such as the United Kingdom.

CHART 5: NUMBER OF TESTS PER 100, 000 POPULATION - SELECTED COUNTRIES—BARBADOS, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO, JAMAICA

18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

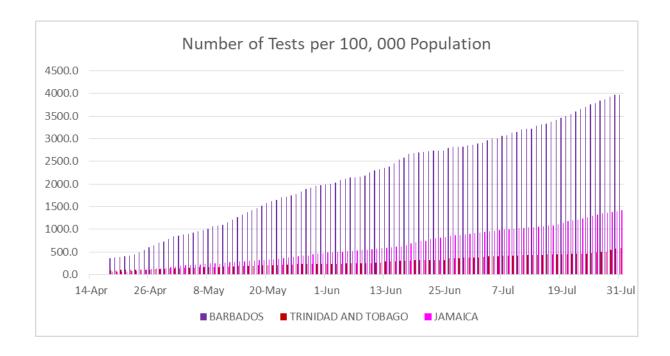


CHART 5A: NUMBER OF TESTS PER 100, 000 POPULATION- CAYMAN ISLANDS

27 APRIL—31 JULY 2020

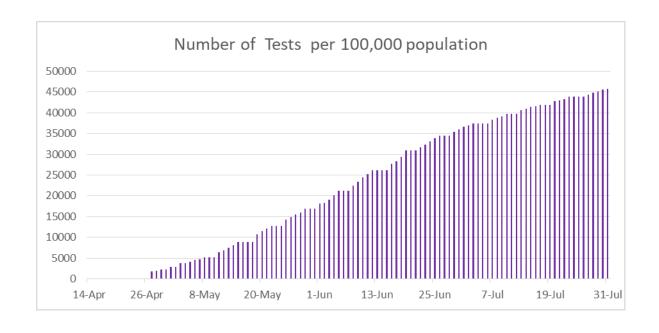


CHART 5B: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - BARBADOS 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

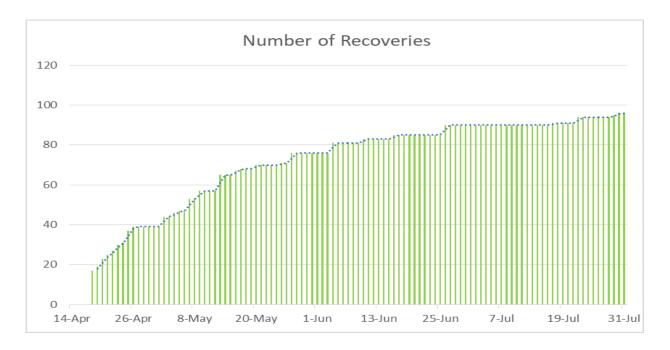


CHART 5C: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES - BARBADOS

18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

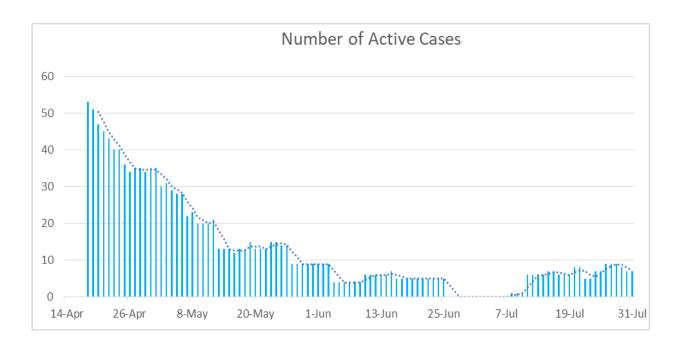


CHART 5D: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - BARBADOS 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

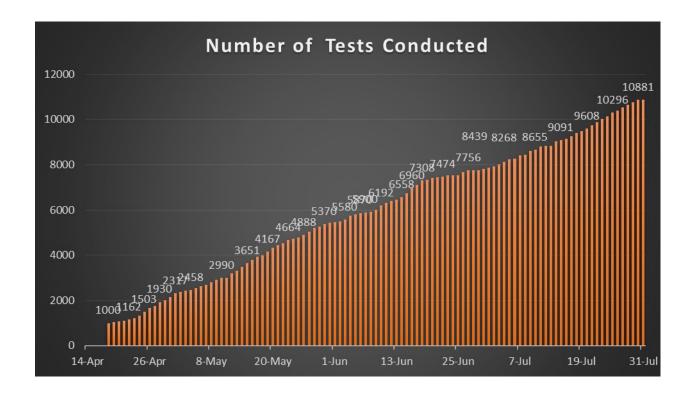


CHART 5E: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - BARBADOS

18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

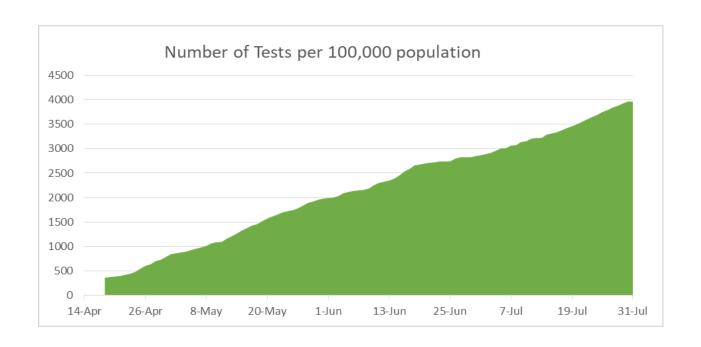


CHART 5F: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - JAMAICA 18 APRIL- 31 JULY 2020

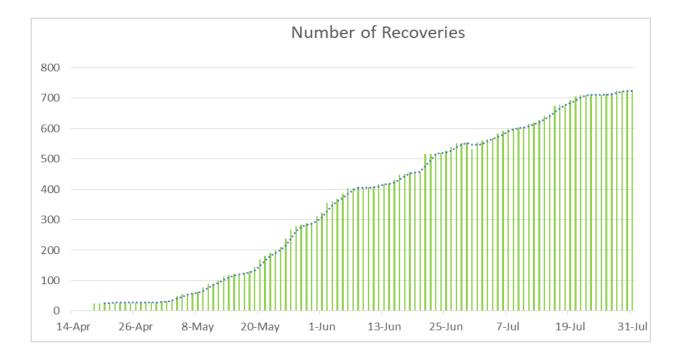


CHART 5G: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES - JAMAICA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

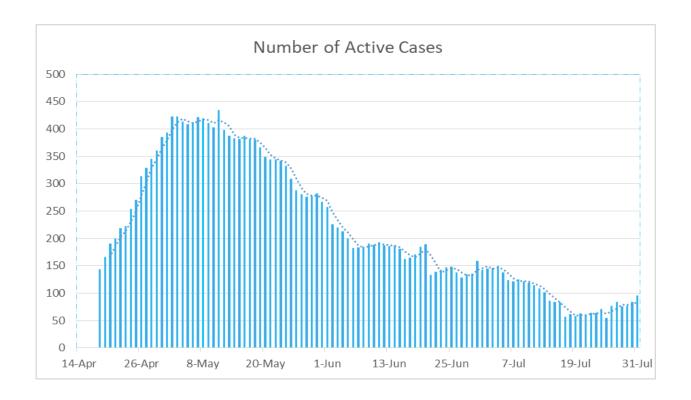


CHART 5H: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - JAMAICA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

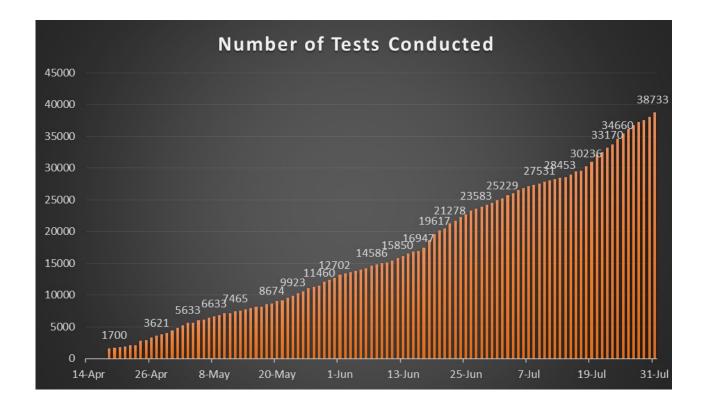


CHART 5I: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - JAMAICA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

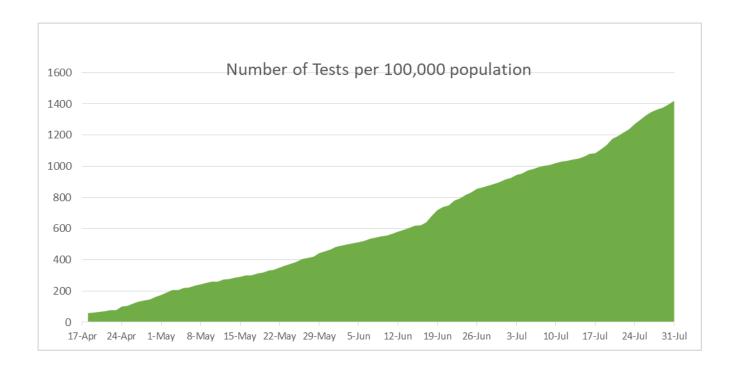


CHART 5J: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

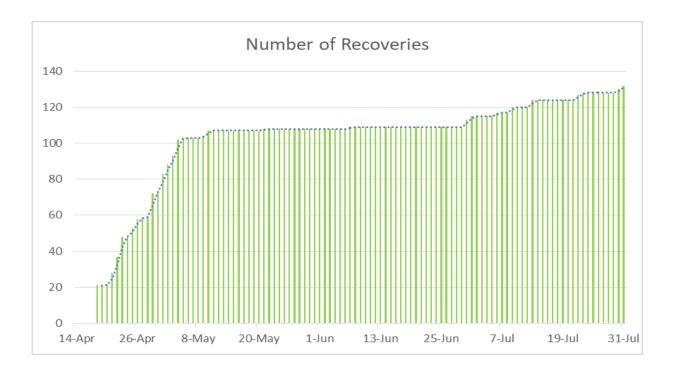


CHART 5K: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES- TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

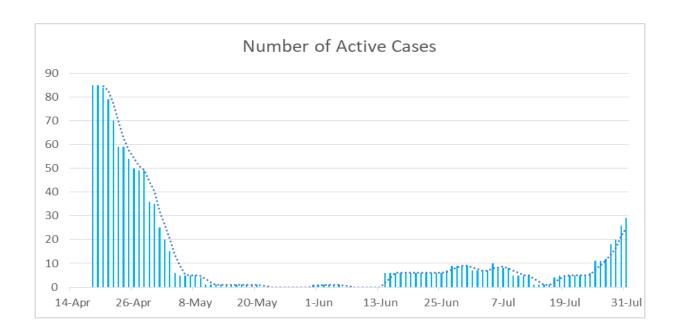


CHART 5L: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

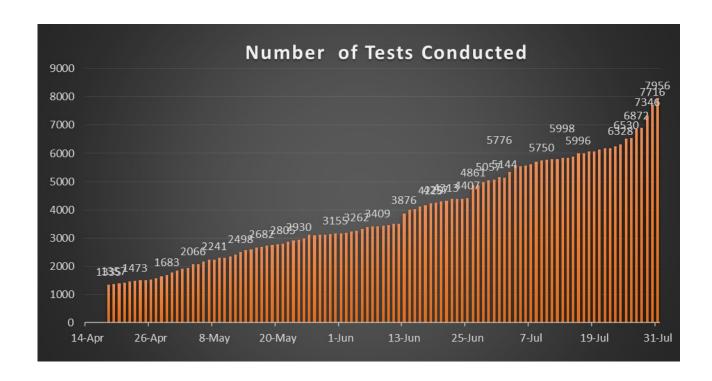


CHART 5M: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

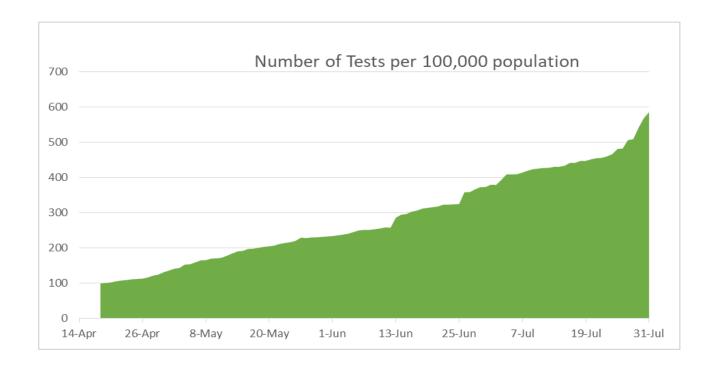


CHART 5N: NUMBER OF RECOVERIES - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

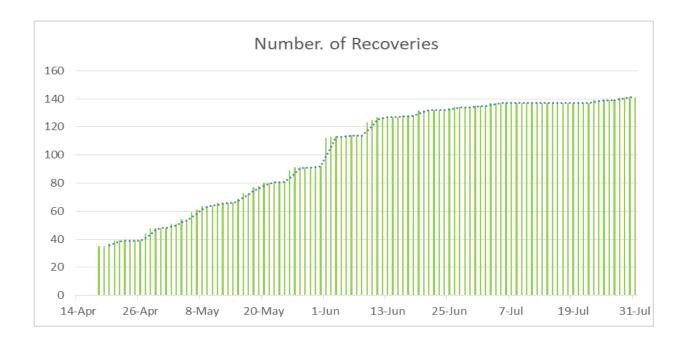


CHART 50: NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

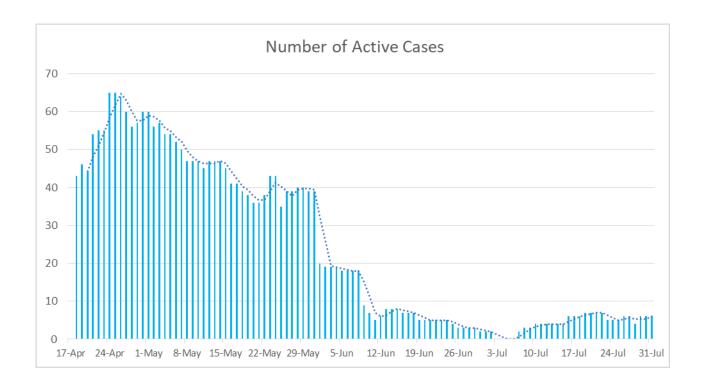


CHART 5P: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

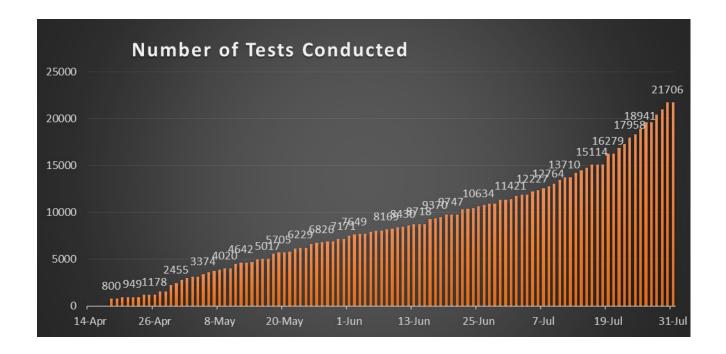


CHART 5Q: NUMBER OF TESTS CONDUCTED PER 100, 000 POPULATION - BERMUDA 18 APRIL - 31 JULY 2020

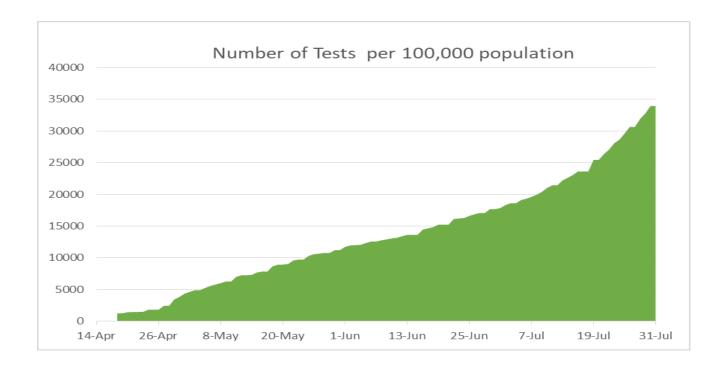


TABLE 6: APPROXIMATE MODE OF TRANSMISSION - SELECTED COUNTRIES AS AT 31 JULY 2020

Country	Imported Transmission	Local Transmission Local	Community Transmission	Under Investigation
Trinidad and Tobago	113 ^e	42	1	13
Guyana	4 ^e	409 ^e	0	0
Bermuda	52	85	19	0
Jamaica	335	482	44	17
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	47	7	-	-
Belize	23	25	-	-
Antigua and Barbuda	67	24		
Haiti	152	7260		

Note: There are differences in the classification of mode of transmission. Community Transmission, which according to international guidelines, reflects in part "Local Transmission" with no epidemiological Link is not used. In the case of Jamaica, approximately 236 cases from a work place cluster is placed under local transmission. Turks and Caicos Islands was inadvertently listed in Issue 15 as having 53 Imported and 15 Local Transmission instead of Antigua and Barbuda. Antigua and Barbuda classifies its mode of transmission as imported/non-imported. Please see Issue 2 for explanations on Mode of Transmission.

TABLE 7: CONFIRMED CASES BY SEX - SELECTED COUNTRIES AS AT 31 JULY 2020

Country			Not Stated
Haiti	4373	3039	
Jamaica	381	497	
Guyana	215 ^e	198 ^e	
Cayman Islands	106	97	
Bermuda	67	89	
Trinidad and Tobago	76 ^e	93°	
Barbados	49	61	
Belize	23	25	

CHART 6: ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

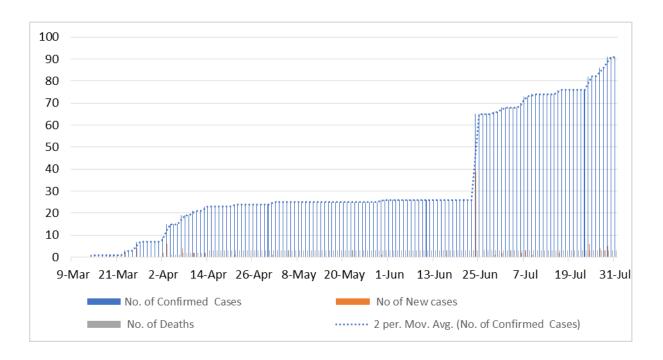
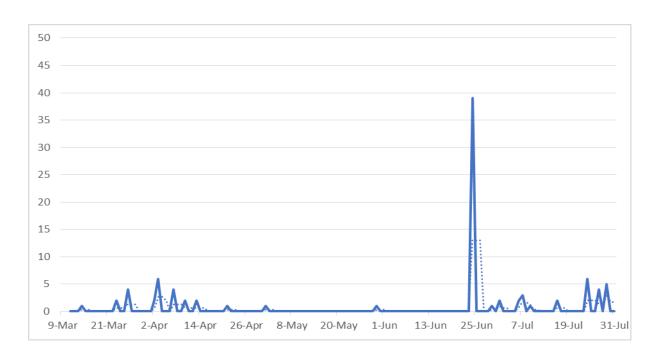


CHART 6A: ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA



Note: Antigua and Barbuda had 9 new cases during 25-31 July as compared to 6 new cases during the previous period, 18-24 July. The total number of cases stood at 91 as at 31 July, with 21 active cases and 3 deaths.

CHART 7: THE BAHAMAS

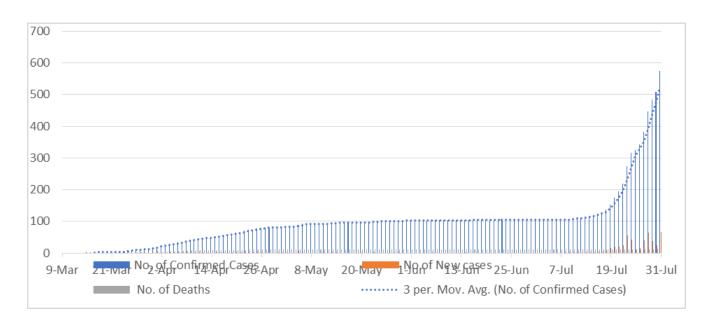
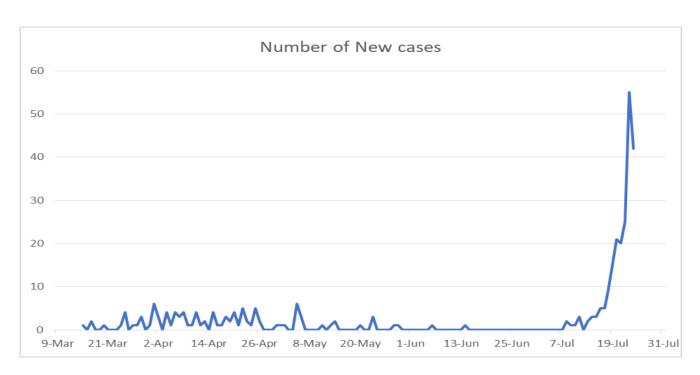


CHART 7A: THE BAHAMAS



Note: The Bahamas had 258 new cases for the current reporting period, 25-31 July as compared to 187 new cases during 18-24 July, 21 new cases during 11-17 July and 4 new cases during 4-10 July. The number of new cases was the second highest in CARICOM. The number of confirmed cases increased to 574 as at 31 July, with active cases increasing to 467. The substantial increase in the number of new cases for The Bahamas from early July is evident in Chart 7A.

CHART 7B: THE BAHAMAS

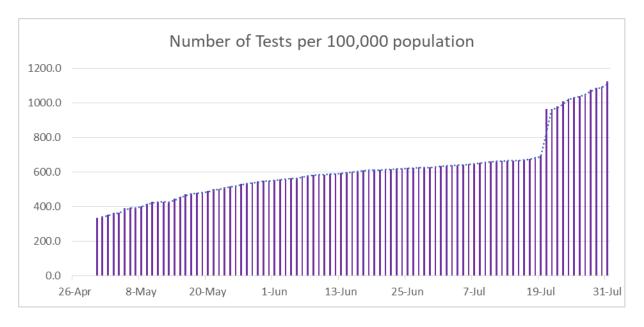


CHART 8: BARBADOS

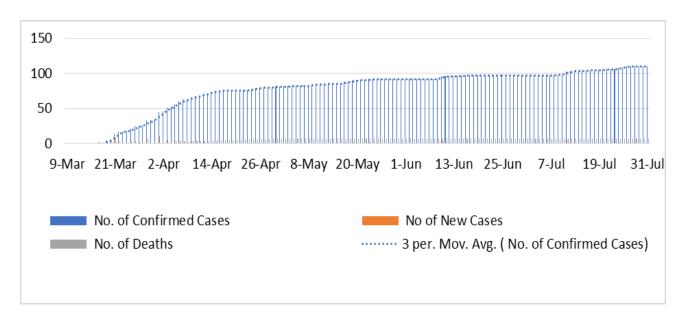
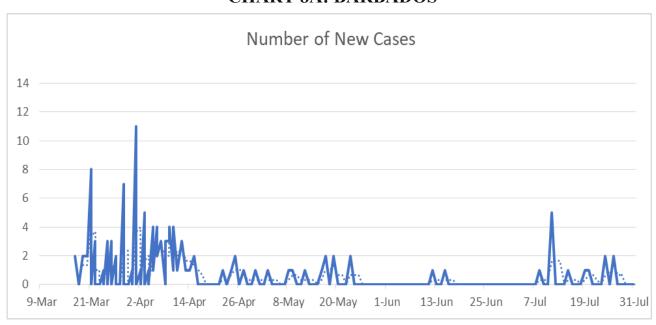


CHART 8A: BARBADOS

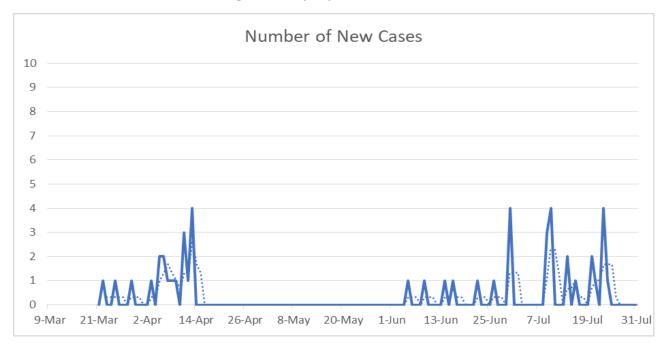


Note: Barbados had two new cases during the current reporting period, 25-31 July as compared to 4 new cases during 18-24 July and 6 new cases during 11-17 July. The number of confirmed cases stood at 110. Barbados remained at 7 active case as at 31 July.

CHART 9: BELIZE



CHART 9A: BELIZE



Note: Belize had no new cases for the current reporting period 25-31 July as compared to 8 new cases during 18-24 July and 3 new cases during `11-17 July. The number of confirmed cases remained at 48 as at 31 July, with 16 active cases.

CHART 10: DOMINICA

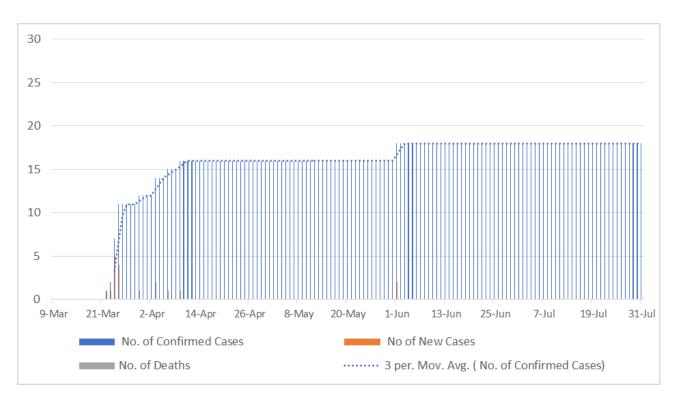
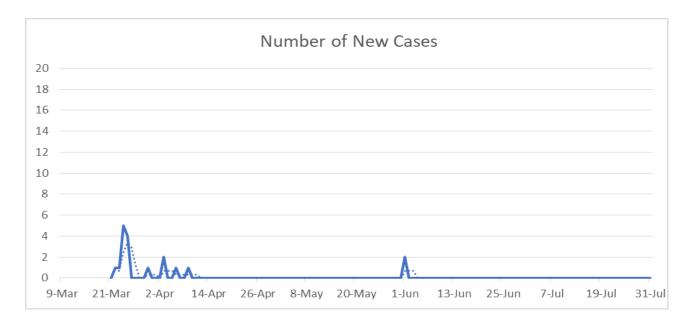


CHART 10A: DOMINICA



Note: Dominica had no new cases of COVID-19 during the current reporting period 25-31 July. The last new case/ cases occurred on 1 June, a period of 60 days up to 31 July. The number of cases stood at 18 as at 31 July. Dominica has no active cases since 13 June.

CHART 11: GRENADA

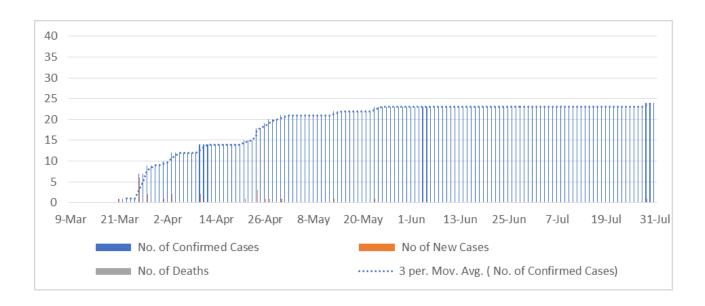
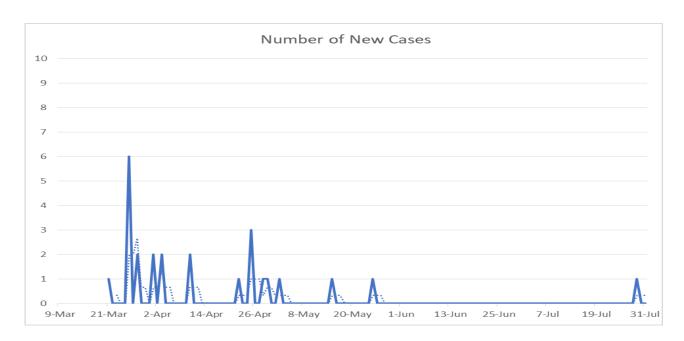


CHART 11A: GRENADA



Note: Grenada had one new case during the current reporting period, 25-31 July after having no new cases for the past five reporting periods. The last new case, prior to this one, occurred on 25 May, a period of 64 days up to July 28, the day before the occurrence of the new case in this period. The number of cases stood at 24 as at 31 July.

CHART 12: GUYANA

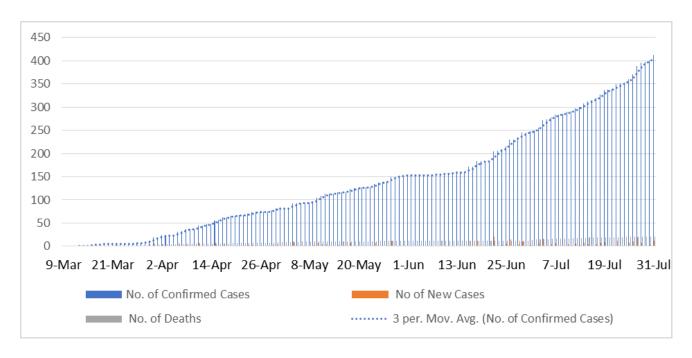
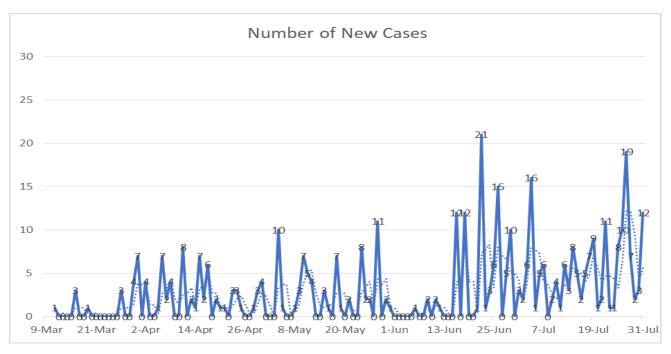


CHART 12A: GUYANA



Note: In Guyana, there were 61 new cases during the current reporting period 25-31 July almost double the number of new cases, 32, for the period 18-24 July. There were 30 new cases during 11-17 July, 34 new cases, 4-10 July and 26 new cases during 27 Jun -3 July. The number of confirmed cases for Guyana increased to 413 as at 31 July with 208 active cases.

CHART 12B: GUYANA

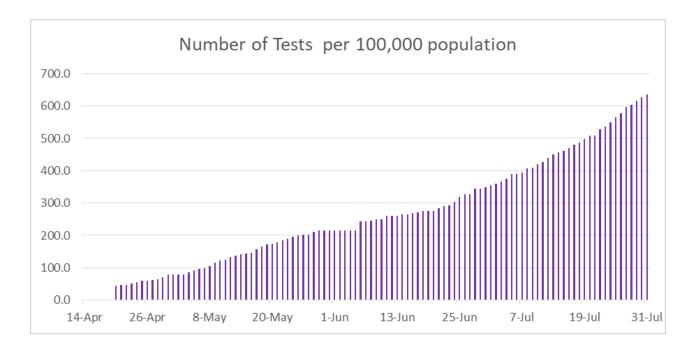


CHART 13: HAITI

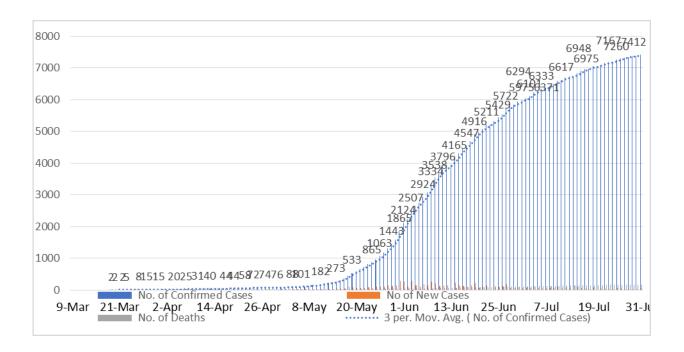
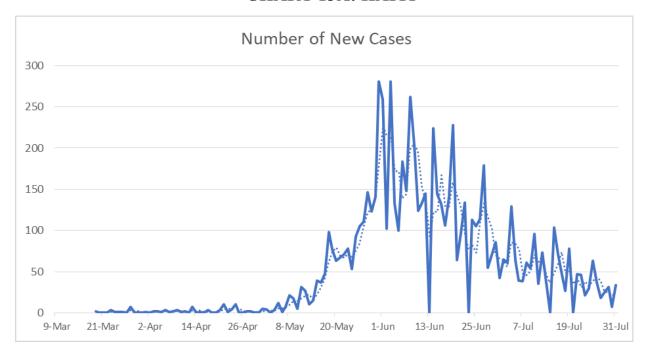


CHART 13A: HAITI



Note: The trend in the number of new cases for Haiti continues to be a declining one with 215 new cases during the current reporting period 25-31 July as compared to 249 new cases during 18-24 July, 366 new cases during 11-17 July, 481 new cases during, 4-10 July, 627 new cases during 20-26 June, 975 new cases during 13-19 June and 1201 new cases during 6-12 June. The 215 new cases represented a reduction of 34 new cases from the last reporting period and was also a reduced percentage of the total new cases for CARICOM at 20.5 percent (as compared to 26 percent of the total for the last period). The total number of cases for Haiti stood at 7412 as at 31 July. The general decreasing trend in the number of new cases from around 8 June is visible in Chart 13A.

CHART 13B: HAITI

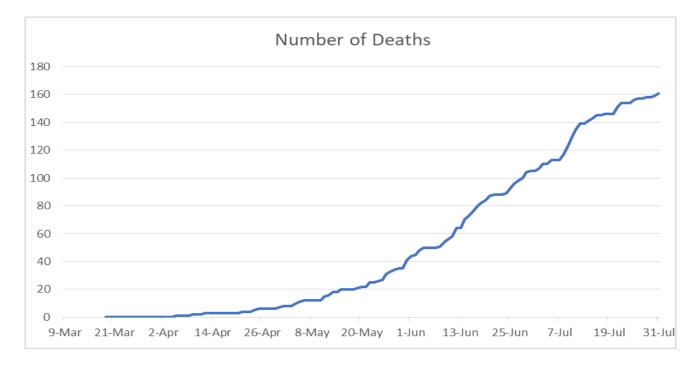


CHART 13C: HAITI

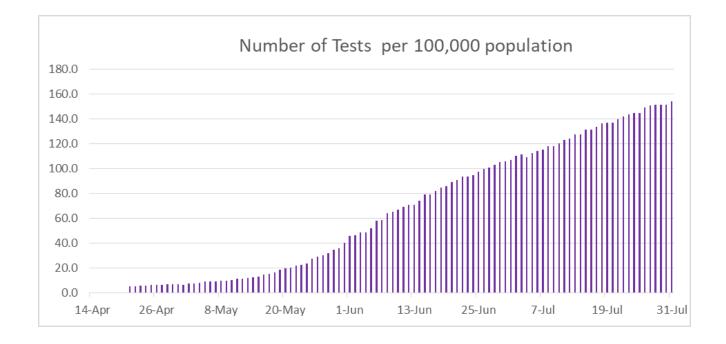
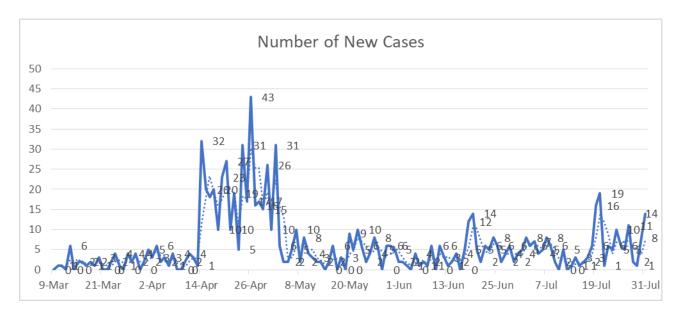


CHART 14: JAMAICA



CHART 14A: JAMAICA



Note: Jamaica had 47 new cases during the period 25-31 July as compared to 63 new cases during 18-24 July, 15 new cases during 11-17 July, and 34 new cases during 4-10 July. The total number of confirmed cases stood at 878 as at 31 July. The number of active cases in Jamaica is 95 as at 31 July.

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CHART 15: MONTSERRAT

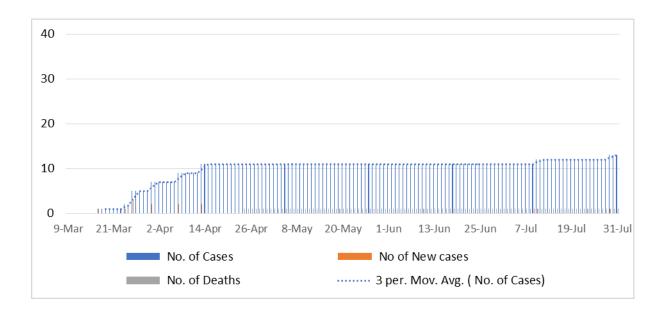
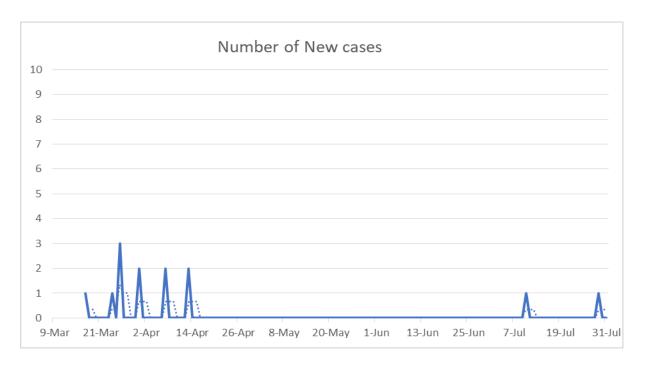


CHART 15A: MONTSERRAT



Note: After having a new case on 13 April, a period of 87 days to 9 July, Montserrat experienced a new case on 10 July, There was another new case during the current report period 25-31 July The number of confirmed cases stood at 13 as at July 31.

CHART 16: SAINT LUCIA

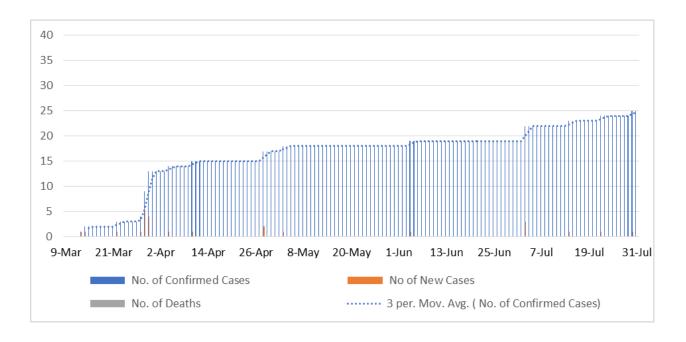
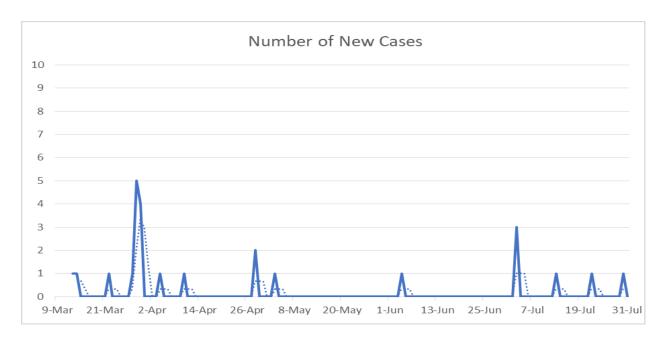


CHART 16A: SAINT LUCIA



Note: There was one new case in Saint Lucia during 25-31 July similar to the previous two reporting periods. The number of confirmed cases stood at 25 as at 31 July.

CHART 16B: SAINT LUCIA

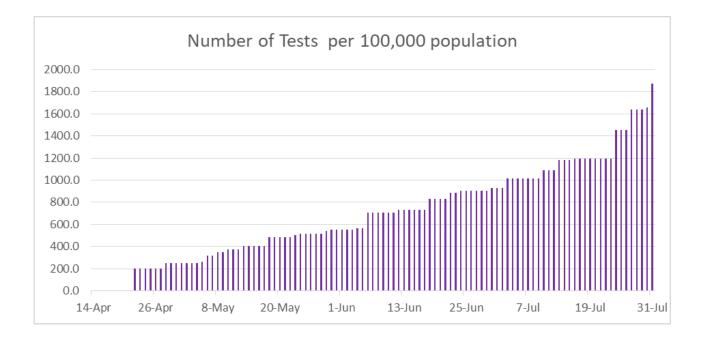


CHART 17: ST. KITTS AND NEVIS

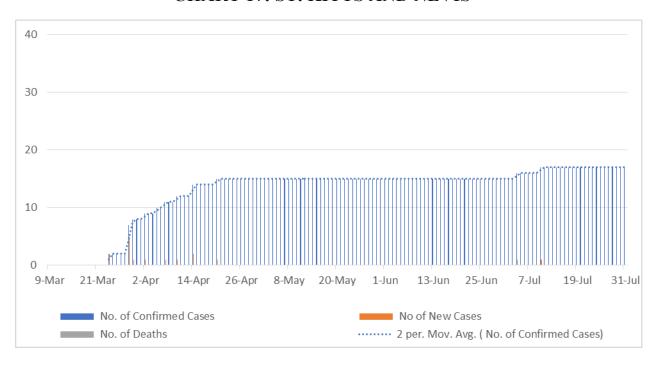
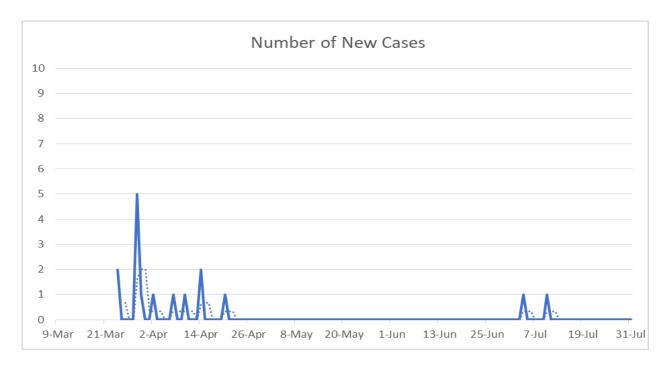


CHART 17A: ST. KITTS AND NEVIS



Note: There were no new cases in St Kitts and Nevis during the current reporting period 25-31 July similar to the periods 18-24 July and 11-17 July. There were two new cases during the period 4-10 July after an exceptionally long period (over 80 days) with no new cases. The number of confirmed cases stood at 17 as at 31 July.

CHART 18: ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

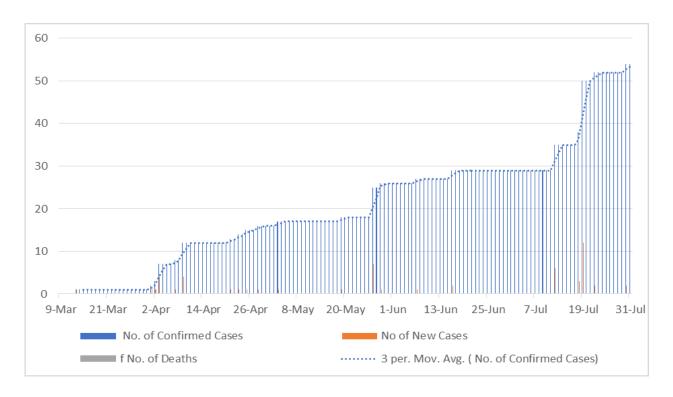
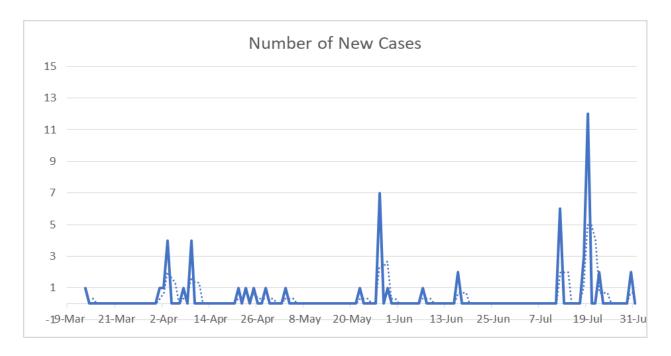


CHART 18A: ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES



Note: There were 2 new cases in St Vincent and the Grenadines during 25-31 July as compared to 17 new cases during 18-24 July and. 6 new cases during 11-17 July. The number of cases in St Vincent and the Grenadines was 54 as at 31 July. St Vincent and the Grenadines now have 10 active cases.

CHART 18B: ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

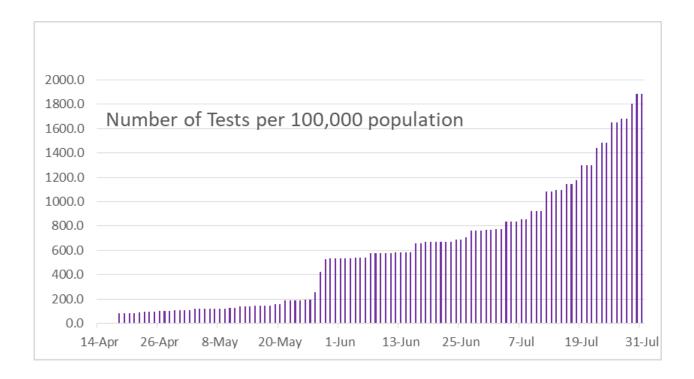


CHART 19: SURINAME

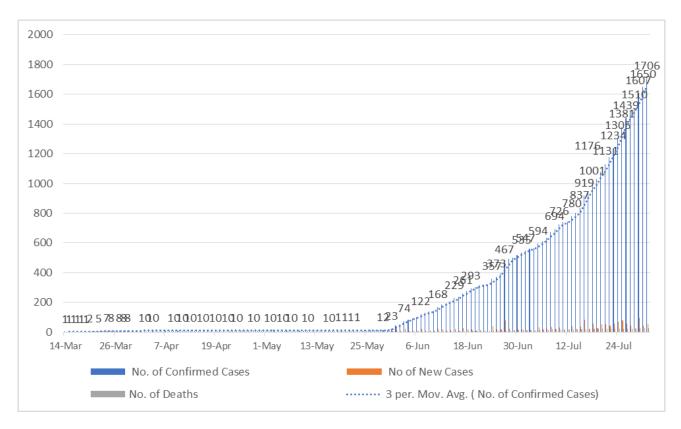
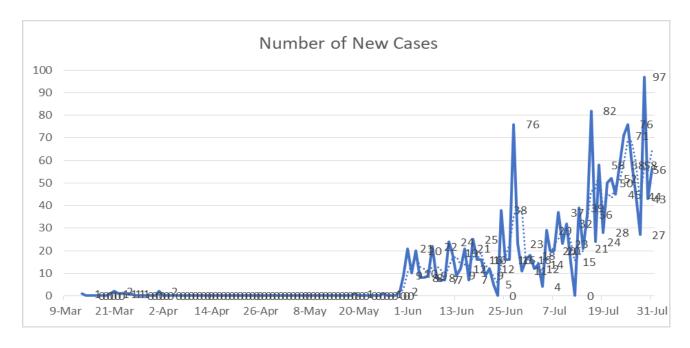


CHART 19A: SURINAME



Note: Suriname had 401 new cases during the period 25-31 July, representing 38.2 percent of the total number of new cases for CARICOM. There were 362 new cases during 18-24 July, which was 38 percent of the total for that period. There were 217 new cases during 11-17 July, 165 new cases during 4-10 July and 170 new cases during 27 June-3 July. The number of confirmed cases for Suriname stood at 1706 as at 31 July. Suriname has exceeded Haiti over the past two reporting periods in having the highest number of new cases. The increasing trend in the number of new cases is obvious in Chart 19A.

CHART 20: TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO -TOTAL CONFIRMED CASES

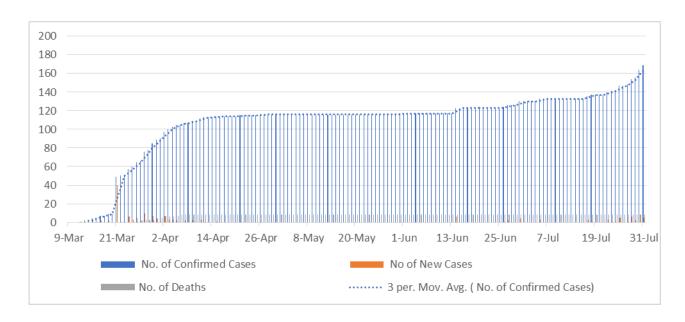
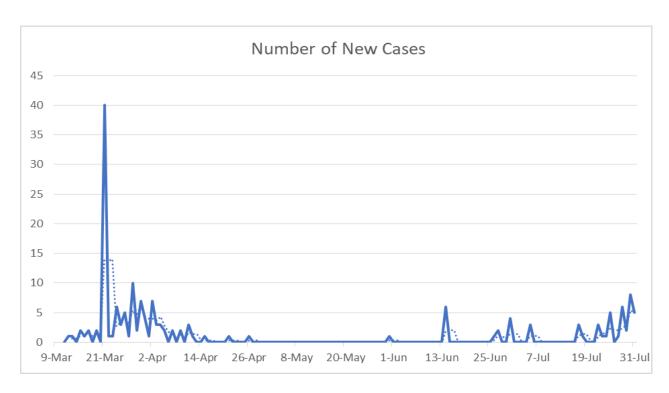


CHART 20A: TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO



Note: Trinidad and Tobago had 27 new cases during 25-31 July as compared to 6 new cases during 18-24 July and 3 new cases during 11-17 July and also during 4-10 July. These 27 new cases reflect an uptick in the number of new cases for Trinidad and Tobago. The number of confirmed cases stood at 169 as at 31 July with 29 active cases.

CHART 20B: TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO - CRUISE PASSENGERS

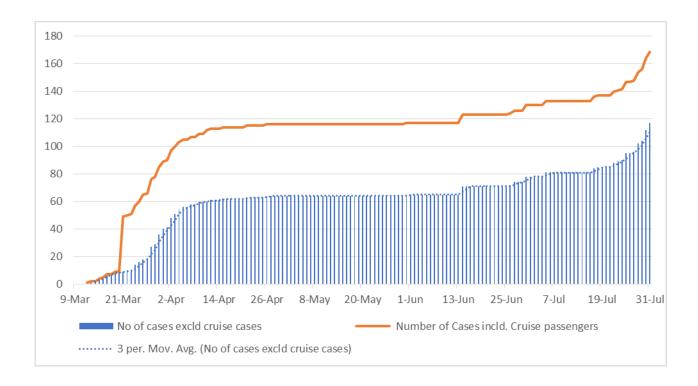
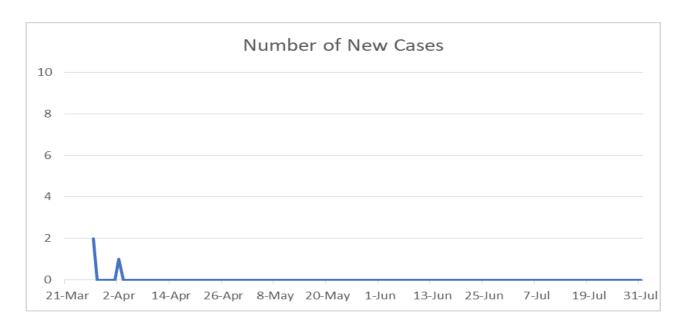


CHART 21: ANGUILLA



CHART 21A: ANGUILLA



Note: The last positive case of COVID-19 in Anguilla was 2 April, a period of 120 days as at 31 July. To this point containment in Anguilla seems to have been successful.

CHART 22: BERMUDA

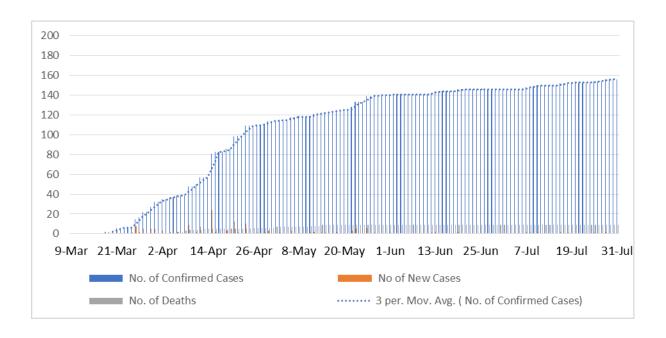
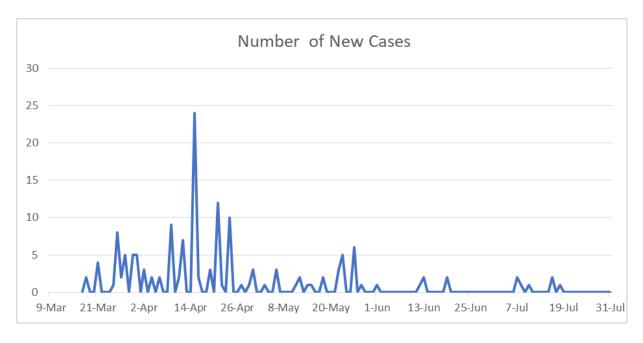


CHART 22A: BERMUDA



Note: Bermuda had 3 new cases during 25-31 July as compared to one new case during 18-24 July, 2 new cases during 11-17 July, and 4 new cases during 4-10 July. The number of confirmed cases for Bermuda stood at 156 as at 31 July.

CHART 23: BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

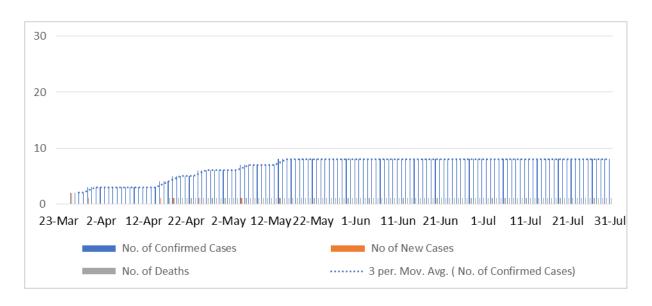
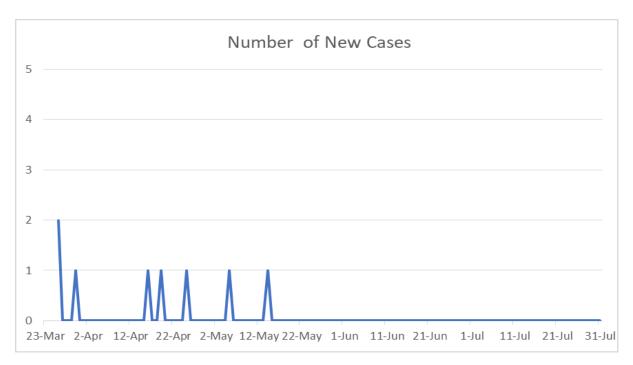


CHART 23A: BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS



Note: There were no new cases in the British Virgin Islands during 25-31 July similar to the past 7 reporting periods. The last positive case was on 14 May, a period of 78 days as at 31 July. The total number of confirmed cases stood at 8 as at 31 July.

CHART 24: CAYMAN ISLANDS

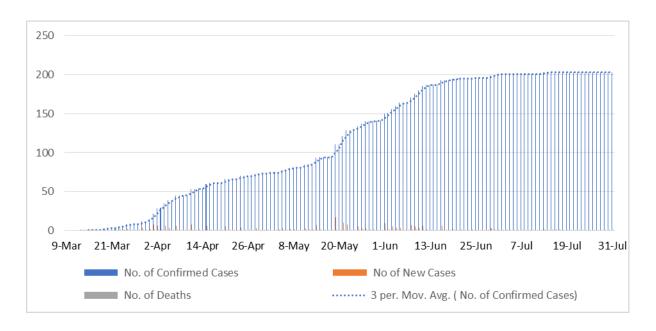
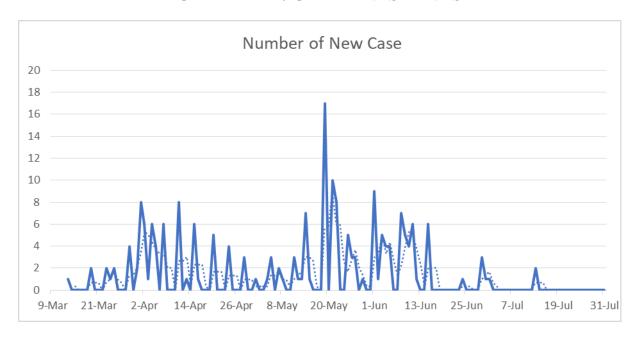


CHART 24A: CAYMAN ISLANDS



Note: There were no new cases in Cayman Islands during 25-31 July similar to 18-24 July. There were, 2 new cases during 11-17 July, no new cases during 4-10 July, 5 new cases during 27 June- 3 July. The number of confirmed cases stood at 203 as at 31 July. As for the last reporting period Cayman Islands continues to have no active cases during the current reporting period.

CHART 25: TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS

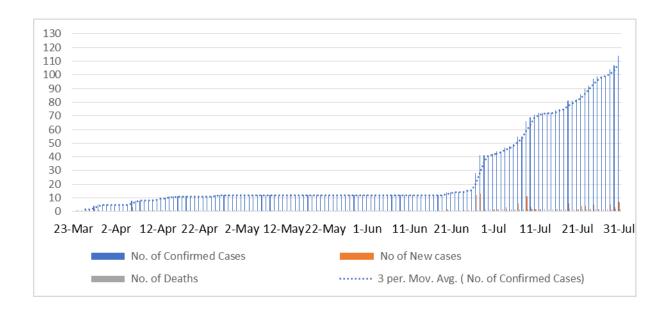
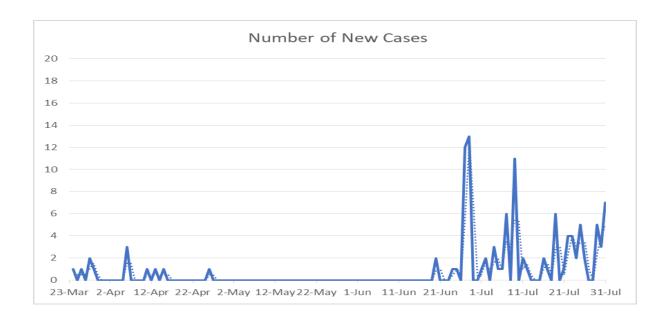


CHART 25A: TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS



Note: Turks and Caicos Islands had 22 new cases during 25-31 July as compared to 17 new cases during 18-24 July, 6 new cases during 11-17 July, 25 new cases during 4-10 July and 28 new cases during 27 June- 3 July. The number of cases stood at 114 as at 24 July. There were 73 active cases as at 31 July.

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TABLE 8: TREND IN DOUBLING TIME -CARICOM AND SELECTED COUNTRIES

COUNTRY	PERIOD	NO. OF CASES	NO. OF DAYS
ALL COUNTRIES			
	4 June	4257	
With Haiti	3 July	8588	29
Without Haiti	7 May 3 July	1242 2487	57
With Haiti	6 June 10 July	4571 9533	34
Without Haiti	21 May 10 July	1387 2771	50
With Haiti	8 June 17 July	5022 10033	39
Without Haiti	31 May 17 July	1530 3085	47
With Haiti	10 June 24 July	5386 10986	44
Without Haiti	16 June 24 July	1875 3789	38
With Haiti	14 June 31 July	5986 12036	47 Rate: 2.01
Without Haiti	27 June 31 July	2299 4624	34 Rate: 2.01
The Bahamas	21 April 17 July	65 129	87
	19 July 24 July	153 316	5
	23 July 31 July	274 574	8 Rate: 2.1
Suriname	13 June 26 June	196 391	13
	16 June 3 July	277 561	17
	24 June 10 July	357 726	16
	27 June 17 July	467 943	20
	6 July	614	18
	24 July 14 July	1305 801	17
	31 July	1706	Rate: 2.1

DOUBLING OF CONFIRMED CASES IN SELECTED COUNTRIES

The Bahamas

Doubling (2.1) 8 days

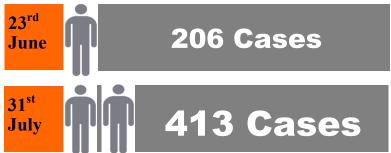


Belize Doubling (2) 35 days

26 th June	24 Cases
31 st July	48 Cases

Guyana

Doubling (2.0) 38 days



Haiti

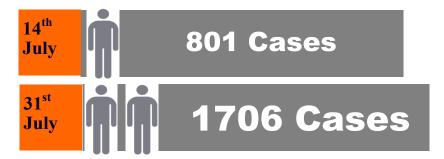
Doubling (2.02) 51 days



DOUBLING OF CONFIRMED CASES IN SELECTED COUNTRIES

Suriname

Doubling (2.1) - 17 days



Turks and Caicos Islands

Doubling (2.1) 24 days

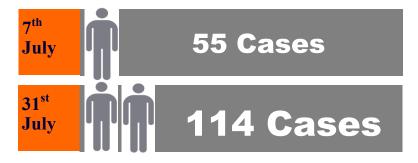


TABLE 9: EXPLANATIONS

Key Term/Issues	Explanation
Data on Testing	Testing for the occurrence of COVID-19 provides an understanding of the pandemic. It tells us how the virus is spreading. Testing should be able to tell us about the total number of cases or persons infected. However given the availability or lack thereof of equipment for testing and the establishment of protocols in many countries that invariably implies that persons should fulfil stated criteria to qualify to be tested, it is likely that the total number of cases are unknown.
	This data set on testing has increasingly become available for most CARICOM countries with some countries consistently reporting this information. A possible difference in the data is that the tests are performed in different testing laboratories across countries. In some cases testing is done for countries or validated by the Caribbean Public Health Agency (CARPHA) while in other cases they are conducted at national laboratories. Another difference is that tests may include repeated testing for confirmed cases to determine whether these persons have recovered. It is also possible that different types of tests are being reported.
	Why is data on testing needed?
	The simple answer is that without data on tests conducted on the COVID-19 we cannot possibly understand how the pandemic is progressing, and which contacts to trace and to quarantine.
Projections	The projections in this and previous Issues largely rely on using observed doubling rates, the rates of change of the latest period of data (prior to the estimation) or using fitted trend lines. No sophisticated modelling has been utilised.
	For example in the case of Chart 2, a linear projection is undertaken and the equation of that straight line is given as follows: $y = -103.42 + 25.045 x$
	Where y represents the number of confirmed cases and x the number of time periods from the commencement of the first case.
	Simply put, it is possible to use this equation to obtain predicted values. Assuming that it is necessary to calculate the number of predicted cases on the 29 th April as per the linear trend, the number of time periods (x- value) from the 10 March is roughly 50 so the predicted value works out as follows:
	$y_p = -103.42 + 25.045 \times 50 = 1252.25 -103.42 = 1148.83.$
	The actual value for this same period is 1178 confirmed cases.

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TABLE 9: EXPLANATIONS

Key Term/Issue	Explanation
Number of Cases per 100, 000 population	The number of cases per 100,000 population is calculated by dividing the number of cases by the total population, and then multiplying the result by a standard population size in this case 100,000.
	$Rate = \frac{No.of\ Confirmed\ Cases}{Total\ Population}\ x\ 100,000$
	It is useful for comparing countries/regions of varying population sizes
	For very small values/small populations these rates may be unstable.

KEY REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL LINKS ON COVID-19

CARICOM Today: - https://today.caricom.org/covid19/regional/

Regional Statistics Programme (RSP): http://statistics.caricom.org/covid19 bulletin.html

UN DATA HUB:- https://covid-19-response.unstatshub.org/useful-links/international-organisations-resources/

CARPHA (Caribbean Public Health Agency) - https://carpha.org/What-We-Do/Public-Health/Novel-Coronavirus

Article: Tracking the Covid-19 Pandemic in CARICOM- Statistics of a Pandemic

https://today.caricom.org/2020/05/04/tracking-covid-19-pandemic-in-caricom/

Please note that this Newsletter will be on the Regional Statistics Programme's (RSP) website as well as on the UN Data Hub.

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